UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q	

	FORM 10-Q		
(Mark One) x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 C	R 15(d) OF THE SECU	RITIES EXCHANGE AC	CT OF 1934
For the quarte	rly period ended Septem	ber 30, 2021	
	OR		
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 C	R 15(d) OF THE SECU	RITIES EXCHANGE AC	CT OF 1934
For the	transition period from -	- to –	
	ssion file number: 001-3		
_			
	OP HOLDING registrant as specified in		
Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organiza	tion)	45-5538 (I.R.S. Employer Ide	
14000 Carlson Parkway Plymouth, Minnesota (Address of principal executive offices)		5544. (Zip Co	
(Registrant's te	(763) 852-2950 lephone number, includi	ng area code)	
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:			
Title of each class T Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value	rading Symbol(s) TTSH		exchange on which registered sdaq Stock Market LLC
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all repoduring the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the requirements for the past 90 days. x Yes \Box No	rts required to be filed by registrant was required to	Section 13 or 15(d) of the of file such reports), and (2)	Securities Exchange Act of 1934 has been subject to such filing
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electr Regulation S-T (\S 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 x Yes \square No	onically every Interactive months (or for such short	Data File required to be su er period that the registrant	bmitted pursuant to Rule 405 of was required to submit such files).
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.			
Large accelerated filer □ Non-accelerated filer x		d filer	
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the reg or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Sec			period for complying with any new
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 o	of the Exchange Act). \Box Ye	es x No
As of November 1, 2021, there were 51,969,094 shares of the regi	strant's common stock, pa	r value \$0.0001 per share, o	outstanding.

TILE SHOP HOLDINGS, INC. Table of Contents

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. and SubsidiariesConsolidated Balance Sheets
(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

Assets	•	September 30, 2021 (unaudited)		December 31, 2020 (audited)
Current assets:				
	¢	44 264	ď	9.617
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	44,264 655	\$	- , -
Restricted cash				655
Receivables, net		3,331		2,975
Inventories		76,697		74,296
Income tax receivable		8,580		8,116
Other current assets, net		8,084		8,995
Total Current Assets		141,611		104,654
Property, plant and equipment, net		86,897		99,035
Right of use asset		125,258		132,374
Deferred tax assets		6,177		5,341
Other assets		921		1,286
Total Assets	\$	360,864	\$	342,690
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	19,450	\$	15,382
Income tax payable		502		93
Current portion of lease liability		27,315		27,223
Other accrued liabilities		41,208		34,106
Total Current Liabilities		88,475		76,804
Long-term debt		-		-
Long-term lease liability, net		114,261		122,678
Other long-term liabilities		5,050		4,146
Total Liabilities		207,786		203,628
		207,700		200,020
Stockholders' Equity:				
Common stock, par value \$0.0001; authorized: 100,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding: 51,984,269 and				
51,701,080 shares, respectively		5		5
Preferred stock, par value \$0.0001; authorized: 10,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding: 0 shares		-		-
Additional paid-in capital		159,594		158,556
Accumulated deficit		(6,521)		(19,487)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(0,521)		(12)
Total Stockholders' Equity		153,078		139,062
• •	\$	360,864	\$	342,690
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	Ф	300,004	Ф	342,090

Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. and SubsidiariesConsolidated Statements of Operations
(dollars in thousands, except per share data)
(unaudited)

		Three Mor Septen				Nine Mon Septem		
		2021	2020		2021		2020	
Net sales	\$	92,240	\$	81,492	\$	280,517	\$	243,501
Cost of sales		29,291		26,188		86,957		77,828
Gross profit		62,949		55,304		193,560		165,673
Selling, general and administrative expenses		59,791		52,403		175,880		161,972
Income from operations		3,158		2,901		17,680		3,701
Interest expense		(204)		(239)		(517)		(1,646)
Income before income taxes		2,954		2,662		17,163		2,055
(Provision) benefit for income taxes		(779)		(748)		(4,197)		2,601
Net income	\$	2,175	\$	1,914	\$	12,966	\$	4,656
Income per common share:								
Basic	\$	0.04	\$	0.04	\$	0.26	\$	0.09
Diluted	\$	0.04	\$	0.04	-	0.25	\$	0.09
Ziaica	Ψ	0.0	Ψ	0.0 .	Ψ	0.25	Ψ	0.05
Weighted average shares outstanding:								
Basic		50,545,761		50,009,000		50,305,455		49,926,083
Diluted		51,384,034		50,687,558		51,069,853		50,321,146

		Three Mo	nths I	Ended	Nine Moi	Ended	
		Septen	ıber 3	30,	Septen	30,	
	<u>-</u>	2021		2020	2021		2020
Net income	\$	2,175	\$	1,914	\$ 12,966	\$	4,656
Currency translation adjustment		-		35	12		21
Other comprehensive income		-		35	12		21
Comprehensive income	\$	2,175	\$	1,949	\$ 12,978	\$	4,677

Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (dollars in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

<u>-</u>	Common sto	ck						
	Shares	A	Amount	Additional paid-in capital	A	.ccumulated deficit	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Total
Balance at June 30, 2020	51,370,167	\$	5	\$ 157,493	\$	(22,776)	\$ (84)	\$ 134,638
Issuance of restricted shares	359,233		-			-	-	
Cancellation of restricted shares	(35,945)		-	-		-	-	-
Stock based compensation	-		-	567		-	-	567
Tax withholdings related to net share settlements of								
stock based compensation awards	-		-	(23)		-	-	(23)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	-		-	-		-	35	35
Net income	-		-	-		1,914	-	1,914
Balance at September 30, 2020	51,693,455	\$	5	\$ 158,037	\$	(20,862)	\$ (49)	\$ 137,131
Balance at June 30, 2021	51,912,689	\$	5	\$ 159,149	\$	(8,696)	\$ -	\$ 150,458
Issuance of restricted shares	99,523		-			-		-
Cancellation of restricted shares	(12,632)		-	-		-	-	-
Stock based compensation	-		-	560		-	-	560
Tax withholdings related to net share settlements of								
stock based compensation awards	(15,311)		-	(115)		-	-	(115)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	-		-	-		-	-	-
Net income	-		-	-		2,175		2,175
Balance at September 30, 2021	51,984,269	\$	5	\$ 159,594	\$	(6,521)	\$ -	\$ 153,078

Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (dollars in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

	Common sto	ock						
				Additional			Accumulated other	
	Shares	A	mount	paid-in capital	F	Accumulated deficit	comprehensive income (loss)	Total
Balance at December 31, 2019	50,806,674	\$	5	\$ 156,482	\$	(25,518)	\$ (70)	\$ 130,899
Issuance of restricted shares	1,057,336		-	_		-		
Cancellation of restricted shares	(170,555)		-	-		-	-	-
Stock based compensation	-		-	1,671		-	-	1,671
Tax withholdings related to net share settlements of stock								
based compensation awards	-		-	(116)		-	-	(116)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	-		-	-		-	21	21
Net income			-	-		4,656		4,656
Balance at September 30, 2020	51,693,455	\$	5	\$ 158,037	\$	(20,862)	\$ (49)	\$ 137,131
Balance at December 31, 2020	51,701,080	\$	5	\$ 158,556	\$	(19,487)	\$ (12)	\$ 139,062
Issuance of restricted shares	421,547		-			-	-	-
Cancellation of restricted shares	(19,687)		-	-		-	-	_
Stock based compensation	<u>-</u>		-	1,859		-	-	1,859
Tax withholdings related to net share settlements of stock								
based compensation awards	(118,671)		-	(821)		-	-	(821)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	-		-	-		-	12	12
Net income			-	-		12,966		12,966
Balance at September 30, 2021	51,984,269	\$	5	\$ 159,594	\$	(6,521)	\$ -	\$ 153,078

Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021 2020				
		2021			
Cash Flows From Operating Activities	_				
Net income	\$	12,966	\$	4,656	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		20,948		23,738	
Amortization of debt issuance costs		227		398	
Loss on disposals of property, plant and equipment		14		-	
Impairment charges		720		2,155	
Non-cash lease expense		18,605		17,895	
Stock based compensation		1,859		1,671	
Deferred income taxes		(836)		741	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Receivables		(356)		70	
Inventories		(2,401)		24,666	
Other current assets, net		1,051		(1,953)	
Accounts payable		4,304		(2,677)	
Income tax receivable / payable		(56)		(4,576)	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		(12,655)		(9,437)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		44,390		57,347	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities	<u></u>				
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(8,933)		(1,315)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(8,933)		(1,315)	
Cash Flows From Financing Activities					
Payments of long-term debt and financing lease obligations		-		(120,262)	
Advances on line of credit		-		64,100	
Employee taxes paid for shares withheld		(821)		(116)	
Net cash used in financing activities		(821)	_	(56,278)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		11	-	23	
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		34,647		(223)	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash beginning of period		10,272		9,919	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash end of period	\$	44,919	\$	9,696	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash end of period	<u>Ψ</u>	44,313	Ψ	3,030	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	44,264	\$	8,961	
Restricted cash	Ψ	655	Ψ	735	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash end of period	\$	44,919	\$	9,696	
Cash, Cash equivalents and restricted cash end of period	<u>Ψ</u>	44,313	Ψ	3,030	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information					
Purchases of property, plant and equipment included in accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	237	\$	8	
Cash paid for interest	Ф	565	Ф	1,797	
Cash paid for income taxes, net		5,088		1,208	
Cash paid for income taxes, net		5,000		1,200	

Note 1: Background

Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. ("Holdings," and together with its wholly owned subsidiaries, the "Company") was incorporated in Delaware in June 2012.

The Company is a specialty retailer of natural stone and man-made tiles, setting and maintenance materials, and related accessories in the United States. The Company manufactures its own setting and maintenance materials, such as thinset, grout, and sealers. The Company's primary market is retail sales to consumers, contractors, designers and home builders. As of September 30, 2021, the Company had 143 stores in 31 states and the District of Columbia, with an average size of approximately 20,000 square feet. The Company has distribution centers located in Michigan, New Jersey, Oklahoma, Virginia and Wisconsin. The Company also has a sourcing office located in China.

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the rules and regulations for reporting on Form 10-Q. Accordingly, they do not include certain information and disclosures required for comprehensive financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included and are of a normal recurring nature, including the elimination of all intercompany transactions. Operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2021.

These statements should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and footnotes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. The accounting policies used in preparing these Consolidated Financial Statements are the same as those described in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in such Form 10-K.

Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 outbreak a global pandemic. COVID-19 has negatively impacted public health and the global economy, disrupted global supply chains, and created volatility in financial markets. The continuing implications of COVID-19 on the Company remain uncertain and will depend on certain future developments, including the duration, scope and severity of the pandemic and the effects of new variants of COVID-19, some of which may be more virulent or transmissible than the initial strain; its impact on the Company's employees, customers and suppliers; the range and timing of government mandated restrictions and other measures, including the potential impact of the federal vaccination mandate on our labor supply and future results of operations; and the success of the deployment and widespread adoption of approved COVID-19 vaccines and their effectiveness against new variants of COVID-19. This uncertainty could have a material impact on the accounting estimates and assumptions utilized to prepare the Company's consolidated financial statements in future reporting periods, which could result in a material adverse impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In the first quarter of fiscal 2021, the Company adopted new accounting requirements related to the measurement of credit losses on financial instruments, including trade receivables. The new standard and subsequent amendments replaced the incurred loss impairment model with a forward-looking expected credit loss model, which will generally result in earlier recognition of credit losses. The Company's allowance for doubtful accounts represents its estimate of expected credit losses related to its trade receivables. To estimate the allowance for doubtful accounts, the Company leverages information on historical losses, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts of future conditions. Account balances are written off against the allowance when the Company deems the amount is uncollectible. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In the first quarter of fiscal 2021, the Company adopted a new accounting standard that simplifies accounting for income taxes. Specifically, the new standard simplifies aspects of accounting for franchise taxes and enacted changes in tax laws or rates and clarifies the accounting for transactions that result in a step-up in the tax basis of goodwill. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In March 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued guidance providing optional expedients and exceptions to account for the effects of reference rate reform to contracts, hedging relationships and other transactions that reference LIBOR or another reference rate expected to be discontinued. The optional guidance is effective as of the beginning of the reporting period

when the election is made through December 31, 2022. The Company is currently evaluating the impact this guidance will have on its consolidated financial statements.

Note 2: Revenues

Revenues are recognized when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to the Company's customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration received in exchange for those goods or services. Sales taxes are excluded from revenues.

The following table presents revenues disaggregated by product category:

	For the three m Septemb		For the nine mo Septembe	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Man-made tiles	49 %	46 %	47 %	46 %
Natural stone tiles	27	29	28	29
Setting and maintenance materials	14	14	14	14
Accessories	7	9	8	9
Delivery service	3	2	3	2
Total	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

The Company generates revenues by selling tile products, setting and maintenance materials, accessories, and delivery services to its customers through its store locations and online. The timing of revenue recognition coincides with the transfer of control of goods and services ordered by the customer, which falls into one of three categories described below:

- Revenue recognized when an order is placed If a customer places an order in a store and the contents of their order are available, the Company recognizes revenue concurrent with the exchange of goods for consideration from the customer.
- Revenue recognized when an order is picked up If a customer places an order for items held in a centralized distribution center, the Company requests a deposit from the customer at the time they place the order. Subsequently, when the contents of the customer's order are delivered to the store, the customer returns to the store and picks up the items that were ordered. The Company recognizes revenue on this transaction when the customer picks up their order.
- Revenue recognized when an order is delivered If a customer places an order in a store and requests delivery of their order, the Company prepares the contents of their order, initiates the delivery service, and recognizes revenue once the contents of the customer's order are delivered.

The Company determines the transaction price of its contracts based on the pricing established at the time a customer places an order. The transaction price does not include sales tax as the Company is a pass-through conduit for collecting and remitting sales tax. Any discounts applied to an order are allocated proportionately to the base price of the goods and services ordered. Deposits made by customers are recorded in other accrued liabilities. Deferred revenues associated with customer deposits are recognized at the time the Company transfers control of the items ordered or renders the delivery service. In the event an order is partially fulfilled as of the end of a reporting period, revenue will be recognized based on the transaction price allocated to the goods delivered and services rendered. The customer deposit balance was \$16.2 million and \$12.2 million as of September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. Revenues recognized during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 that were included in the customer deposit balance as of the beginning of the period were \$12.0 million.

The Company extends financing to qualified professional customers who apply for credit. Customers who qualify for an account receive 30-day payment terms. The accounts receivable balance was \$3.3 million and \$3.0 million at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. The Company expects that the customer will pay for the goods and services ordered within one year from the date the order is placed. Accordingly, the Company does not adjust the promised amount of consideration for the effects of the financing component.

Customers may return purchased items for an exchange or refund. The Company records a reserve for estimated product returns based on the historical returns trends and the current product sales performance. The Company presents the sales returns reserve as an other accrued liability and the estimated value of the inventory that will be returned as an other current asset in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. The components of the sales returns reserve reflected in the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 were as follows:

		(in tho	usan	ds)
	September 30,			December 31,
	2021			2020
Other accrued liabilities	\$	5,401	\$	4,957
Other current assets		1,692		1,516
Sales returns reserve, net	\$	3,709	\$	3,441

Note 3: Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (determined using the moving average cost method) or net realizable value. Inventories consist primarily of merchandise held for sale. Inventories were comprised of the following as of September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020:

		(in tho	usan	ds)	
	September 30,]	December 31,	
	2021			2020	
Finished goods	\$	75,267	\$	72,619	
Raw materials		1,430		1,677	
Total	\$	76,697	\$	74,296	

The Company provides provisions for losses related to shrinkage and other amounts that are otherwise not expected to be fully recoverable. These provisions are calculated based on historical shrinkage, selling price, margin and current business trends. The provision for losses related to shrinkage and other amounts was \$0.6 million on both September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

Note 4: Income Taxes

The Company's effective tax rate on net income before taxes for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 was 26.4% and 28.1%, respectively. The Company's effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 was 24.5% and (126.6)%, respectively. The Company's effective tax rate during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 included adjustments resulting from the enactment of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (the CARES Act), which gave the Company the ability to carry back federal net operating losses to years with a federal statutory rate of 35%. The Company's effective tax rate during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 included a \$0.4 million tax benefit associated with restricted stock award vestings.

The Company records interest and penalties relating to uncertain tax positions in income tax expense. As of both September 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company had not recognized any liabilities for uncertain tax positions, nor had interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions been accrued.

Note 5: Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding, after taking into consideration all dilutive potential shares outstanding during the period.

Basic and diluted earnings per share were calculated as follows:

	(dollars in thousands, except per share data)							
	For the three months ended				For the nine months ended			
		Septen	ıber	30,		Septem	ber	30,
		2021 2020				2021		2020
Net income	\$	2,175	\$	1,914	\$	12,966	\$	4,656
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic		50,545,761		50,009,000		50,305,455		49,926,083
Effect of dilutive securities attributable to stock based awards		838,273		678,558		764,398		395,063
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted		51,384,034		50,687,558		51,069,853		50,321,146
Income per common share:	'							
Basic	\$	0.04	\$	0.04	\$	0.26	\$	0.09
Diluted	\$	0.04	\$	0.04	\$	0.25	\$	0.09
Anti-dilutive securities excluded from earnings per share calculation		772,580		1,640,389		990,461		1,733,475

Note 6: Other Accrued Liabilities

Other accrued liabilities consisted of the following:

)			
	Sep	September 30,		cember 31,	
		2021		2020	
Customer deposits	\$	16,157	\$	12,225	
Sales returns reserve		5,401		4,957	
Accrued wages and salaries		8,334		6,561	
Payroll and sales taxes		5,484		4,958	
Other current liabilities		5,832		5,405	
Total other accrued liabilities	\$	41,208	\$	34,106	

Note 7: Long-term Debt

On September 18, 2018, Holdings and its operating subsidiary, The Tile Shop, LLC, entered into a Credit Agreement with Bank of America, N.A., Fifth Third Bank and Citizens Bank (the "Credit Agreement"). The Credit Agreement provides the Company with a senior credit facility consisting of a \$100.0 million revolving line of credit through September 18, 2023. Borrowings pursuant to the Credit Agreement initially bear interest at a LIBOR or base rate. The LIBOR-based rate ranges from LIBOR plus 1.50% to 2.25% depending on the Company's rent adjusted leverage ratio. The base rate is equal to the greatest of (a) the Federal funds rate plus 0.50%, (b) the Bank of America "prime rate," and (c) the Eurodollar rate plus 1.00%, in each case plus 0.50% to 1.25% depending on the Company's rent adjusted leverage ratio. At September 30, 2021, the base interest rate was 3.75% and the LIBOR-based interest rate was 1.59%. The Company had no borrowings outstanding on its revolving line of credit as of September 30, 2021. In addition, the Company has standby letters of credit outstanding related to its workers' compensation and medical insurance policies. Standby letters of credit totaled \$2.4 million as of both September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020. There was \$97.6 million available for borrowing on the revolving line of credit as of September 30, 2021, which may be used to support the Company's growth and for working capital purposes.

The Credit Agreement is secured by virtually all of the assets of the Company, including but not limited to, inventory, receivables, equipment and real property. The Credit Agreement contains customary events of default, conditions to borrowings, and restrictive covenants, including restrictions on the Company's ability to dispose of assets, make acquisitions, incur additional debt, incur liens, or make investments. The Credit Agreement also includes financial and other covenants, including covenants to maintain certain fixed charge coverage ratios and consolidated total rent adjusted leverage ratios. The Company was in compliance with the covenants as of September 30, 2021.

Note 8: Leases

The Company leases its retail stores, certain distribution space, and office space. Leases generally have a term of ten to fifteen years, and contain renewal options. Assets acquired under operating leases are included in the Company's right of use assets in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet. The Company's lease agreements do not contain significant residual value guarantees, restrictions or covenants. Leasehold improvements are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the original lease term, the renewal term if the lease renewal is reasonably certain or the useful life of the improvement.

Following the onset of COVID-19 in 2020, the Company worked with its landlords to defer rent payments for many of its retail locations throughout the second quarter of 2020. As of December 31, 2020, the deferred rent balance was \$2.1 million. During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company repaid \$1.9 million of the deferred rent balance to its landlords. As of September 30, 2021, the deferred rent balance was \$0.2 million. The deferred rent balance is recorded as a liability within the current portion of lease liability balance.

September 3, 2015 Sept	Leases (in thousands)	Classification		September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Total leased assets September 30, 2021 September 30, 2020					
Liabilities Current Operating Current portion of lease liability \$ 27,315 \$ 27,223 Noncurrent Operating Long-term lease liability, net \$ 114,261 \$ 122,678 Total lease liabilities Three Months Ended Lease cost (in thousands) Classification September 30, 2021 September 30, 2020 Operating lease cost \$ 8,521 \$ 8,285 Financing lease cost \$ 8,521 \$ 8,285 Amortization of leased assets \$ 8,521 \$ 8,285 Interest on lease liabilities Interest expense \$ 12 Interest on lease cost (in thousands) SG&A expenses \$ 3,740 3,494 Nort lease cost \$ 12,386 \$ 11,949 Net lease cost \$ 12,386 \$ 11,949 Lease cost (in thousands) Classification September 30, 2021 September 30, 2020 Paratiple lease cost \$ 25,532 \$ 24,758 Financing lease cost \$ 25,532 \$ 24,758 Amortization of leased assets \$ 25,532 \$ 24,758 Financing lease cost <td>Operating lease assets</td> <td>Right of use asset</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Operating lease assets	Right of use asset			
Current Operating	Total leased assets		\$	125,258	\$ 132,374
Current Operating	Liabilities				
Operating Noncurrent Operating Operating Operating Operating Operating Operating Operating Operating It Long-term lease liability, net 114,261					
Noncurrent Operating Operating Operating Italian (Interest expense) Long-term lease liability, net 114,261 (September 30, 2021) 122,678 (September 30, 2021) Lease cost (in thousands) Classification September 30, 2021 September 30, 2020 Operating lease cost (In thousands) SG&A expenses 8,521 September 30, 2020 Amortization of leased assets (Interest expense) SG&A expenses 12 12 Interest on lease liabilities Interest expense 3,749 3,494 3,494 Variable lease cost (In thousands) SG&A expenses 125 145 145 Net lease cost (In thousands) Classification September 30, 2021 September 30, 2020 145		Current portion of lease liability	\$	27 315	\$ 27 223
Operating Total lease liabilities Long-term lease liability, net 114,261 122,678 Total lease liabilities September 30, 2021 \$ 149,901 Lease cost (in thousands) Classification September 30, 2021 September 30, 2020 Operating lease cost SG&A expenses 8,521 \$ 8,285 Financing lease cost SG&A expenses 12 Interest on lease liabilities Interest expense 12 Interest on lease liabilities Interest expense 3,740 3,494 Short term lease cost SG&A expenses 125 145 Net lease cost SG&A expenses \$ 11,949 11,949 Lease cost (in thousands) Classification September 30, 2021 September 30, 2020 Operating lease cost SG&A expenses \$ 25,532 \$ 24,758 Financing lease cost SG&A expenses 37 37 Interest on leased assets SG&A expenses 37 37 Interest on lease dassets SG&A expenses 37 37 Sobott term lease cost (1) SG&A expenses 375 </td <td></td> <td>Current portion of icase habinty</td> <td>Ψ</td> <td>27,515</td> <td>27,225</td>		Current portion of icase habinty	Ψ	27,515	27,225
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Lease cost (in thousands) Classification September 30, 2021 September 30, 2020 Operating lease cost \$ 8,521 \$ 8,285 Financing lease cost \$ 8,521 \$ 8,285 Amortization of leased assets Interest expenses \$ 12 \$ 12 Interest on lease liabilities Interest expense \$ 3,740 3,494 Variable lease cost (1) \$ \$ 3,740 3,494 Short term lease cost \$ 12,5 145 Net lease cost \$ 12,386 \$ 11,949 Lease cost (in thousands) Classification September 30, 2021 September 30, 2020 Operating lease cost \$ 25,532 \$ 24,758 Financing lease cost \$ 25,532 \$ 24,758 Financing lease cost \$ 37 \$ 37 Interest on lease liabilities Interest expense \$ 37 Variable lease cost (1) \$ \$ 36&A expenses \$ 10,748 \$ 10,399 Short term lease cost \$ 375 \$ 531	1 8		\$, -	
Lease cost (in thousands) Classification September 30, 2021 September 30, 2020 Operating lease cost \$ 8,521 \$ 8,285 Financing lease cost \$ 8,521 \$ 8,285 Amortization of leased assets Interest expenses \$ 12 \$ 12 Interest on lease liabilities Interest expense \$ 3,740 3,494 Variable lease cost (1) \$ \$ 3,740 3,494 Short term lease cost \$ 12,5 145 Net lease cost \$ 12,386 \$ 11,949 Lease cost (in thousands) Classification September 30, 2021 September 30, 2020 Operating lease cost \$ 25,532 \$ 24,758 Financing lease cost \$ 25,532 \$ 24,758 Financing lease cost \$ 37 \$ 37 Interest on lease liabilities Interest expense \$ 37 Variable lease cost (1) \$ \$ 36&A expenses \$ 10,748 \$ 10,399 Short term lease cost \$ 375 \$ 531					
Signature Sign				Three Mon	ths Ended
Signature Sign		Classification			
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Interest on lease liabilitiesInterest expense-13Variable lease $cost^{(1)}$ SG&A expenses3,7403,494Short term lease $cost$ SG&A expenses125145Net lease $cost$ \$ 12,386\$ 11,949Lease $cost$ (in thousands)ClassificationSeptember 30, 2021September 30, 2020Operating lease $cost$ SG&A expenses25,532\$ 24,758Financing lease $cost$ Financing lease $cost$ 37Amortization of leased assetsSG&A expenses-37Interest on lease liabilitiesInterest expense-43Variable lease $cost^{(1)}$ SG&A expenses10,74810,399Short term lease $cost$ SG&A expenses375531					
Variable lease cost (1) SG&A expenses 3,740 3,494 Short term lease cost SG&A expenses 125 145 Net lease cost 12,386				-	
Short term lease cost SG&A expenses 125 145 Net lease cost SG&A expenses SG&A expenses September 30, 2021 September 30, 2020 Departing lease cost SG&A expenses SG&A expense SG&A expenses SG&A expense SG&A expense SGAA expense S	Interest on lease liabilities	Interest expense		-	13
Net lease cost Solution Property	Variable lease cost ⁽¹⁾	SG&A expenses		3,740	3,494
Lease cost (in thousands) Operating lease cost Financing lease cost Amortization of leased assets Interest on lease liabilities Variable lease cost SG&A expenses Variable lease cost SG&A expenses SG&A expenses SG&A expenses Interest on lease liabilities SG&A expenses	Short term lease cost	SG&A expenses		125	145
Lease cost (in thousands)ClassificationSeptember 30, 2021September 30, 2020Operating lease cost\$G&A expenses25,53224,758Financing lease costAmortization of leased assets\$G&A expenses-37Interest on lease liabilitiesInterest expense-43Variable lease cost (1)\$G&A expenses10,74810,399Short term lease cost\$G&A expenses375531	Net lease cost	•	\$	12,386	\$ 11,949
Lease cost (in thousands)ClassificationSeptember 30, 2021September 30, 2020Operating lease cost\$G&A expenses25,53224,758Financing lease costAmortization of leased assets\$G&A expenses-37Interest on lease liabilitiesInterest expense-43Variable lease cost (1)\$G&A expenses10,74810,399Short term lease cost\$G&A expenses375531					
Operating lease costSG&A expenses25,53224,758Financing lease cost37Amortization of leased assetsSG&A expenses-37Interest on lease liabilitiesInterest expense-43Variable lease cost (1)SG&A expenses10,74810,399Short term lease costSG&A expenses375531					ths Ended
Financing lease cost Amortization of leased assets Interest on lease liabilities Variable lease cost SG&A expenses Interest expense Variable lease cost SG&A expenses I0,748 I0,399 Short term lease cost SG&A expenses 375 531		Classification			
Amortization of leased assets Interest on lease liabilitiesSG&A expenses Interest expense-37Variable lease costSG&A expenses-43Short term lease costSG&A expenses10,74810,399Short term lease costSG&A expenses375531		SG&A expenses	\$	25,532	\$ 24,758
Interest on lease liabilitiesInterest expense-43Variable lease cost (1)SG&A expenses10,74810,399Short term lease costSG&A expenses375531					
Variable lease cost ⁽¹⁾ SG&A expenses 10,748 10,399 Short term lease cost SG&A expenses 375 531				-	
Short term lease cost SG&A expenses 375 531		Interest expense		-	43
	Variable lease cost ⁽¹⁾	SG&A expenses		10,748	10,399
Net lease cost \$ 36,655 \$ 35,768					
	Net lease cost	-	\$	36,655	\$ 35,768

(1) Variable lease costs consist primarily of taxes, insurance, and common area or other maintenance costs for the Company's leased facilities.

•	Nine Months Ended				
Other Information (in thousands)	Sept	ember 30, 2021	Septem	ber 30, 2020	
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities					
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$	(27,675)	\$	(26,808)	
Operating cash flows from financing leases	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	43	
Financing cash flows from financing leases	\$	-	\$	(162)	
Lease right-of-use assets obtained or modified in exchange for lease obligations	\$	-	\$	14,010	

Note 9: Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. To measure fair value, the Company uses a three-tier valuation hierarchy based upon observable and non-observable inputs:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices that are available in active markets for the identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Significant other observable inputs available at the measurement date, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, either directly or indirectly, including:

Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active marke

Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in non-active markets;

Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and

Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by other observable market data.

Level 3 – Significant unobservable inputs that cannot be corroborated by observable market data and reflect the use of significant management judgment.

The following table sets forth by level within the fair value hierarchy the Company's financial assets that were accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 according to the valuation techniques the Company uses to determine their fair values. There have been no transfers of assets among the fair value hierarchies presented.

	Pricing	Fair V		
	Category	Category September 30, 2021 Dece		1, 2020
Assets		(in tho	usands)	
Cash and cash equivalents	Level 1	\$ 44,264	\$	9,617
Restricted cash	Level 1	655		655

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument. There have been no changes in the valuation techniques used by the Company to value the Company's financial instruments.

- ☐ *Cash and cash equivalents:* Consists of cash on hand and bank deposits. The value was measured using quoted market prices in active markets. The carrying amount approximates fair value.
- Restricted cash: Consists of cash and cash equivalents held in bank deposit accounts restricted as to withdrawal or that are under the terms of use for current operations. The value was measured using quoted market prices in active markets. The carrying amount approximates fair value

Fair value measurements also apply to certain non-financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. Property, plant and equipment and right of use assets are measured at fair value when an impairment is recognized and the related assets are written down to fair value. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company recognized a \$0.7 million charge in selling, general and administrative expenses to write-down property, plant and equipment and right of use assets to their estimated fair values. During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company recognized a \$2.2 million charge in selling, general and administrative expenses to write-down property, plant, and equipment and right of use assets to their estimated fair values. The Company measured the fair value of these assets based on projected cash flows, an estimated risk-adjusted rate of return, and market rental rates for comparable properties. Projected cash flows are considered Level 3 inputs. Market rental rates for comparable properties are considered Level 2 inputs. No impairment charges were recorded during the three months ended September 30, 2020.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company recorded a \$1.1 million adjustment to reflect an increase in the fair value to restore leased property to its original condition at the end of the lease. The change in the estimated value of the Company's asset retirement obligation resulted in a \$1.1 million increase in property, plant and equipment, a \$0.1 million increase in other current liabilities, and a \$1.0 million increase in other long-term liabilities. The Company measured the fair value of its asset retirement obligation based on the estimated amounts and timing of settlements, an estimated risk adjusted rate of return, and expected inflation rates, which are considered Level 2 inputs.

Note 10: Equity Incentive Plans

At the Annual Meeting of Stockholders held on July 20, 2021 (the "Annual Meeting"), the Company's stockholders approved the 2021 Omnibus Equity Compensation Plan (the "2021 Plan"). The 2021 Plan replaced 2012 Omnibus Award Plan (the "Prior Plan"). No new awards will be granted under the Prior Plan after the date of the Annual Meeting. However, the Company granted equity awards under the Prior Plan to the Company's non-employee directors on the date of the Annual Meeting, and all awards granted under the Prior Plan that were outstanding on the date of stockholder approval of the 2021 Plan will remain outstanding in accordance with their terms. The maximum number of shares that may be delivered with respect to awards under the 2021 Plan is 3,500,000 shares, subject to adjustment in certain circumstances. Shares tendered or withheld to pay the exercise price of a stock option or to cover tax withholding will not be added back to the number of shares available under the 2021 Plan. To the extent that any award

under the 2021 Plan, or any award granted under the Prior Plan prior to stockholder approval of the 2021 Plan, is forfeited, canceled, surrendered or otherwise terminated without the issuance of shares or an award is settled only in cash, the shares subject to such awards granted but not delivered will be added to the number of shares available for awards under the 2021 Plan.

Stock options:

The Company measures and recognizes compensation expense for all stock based awards at fair value. The financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 include compensation expense for the portion of outstanding awards that vested during those periods. The Company recognizes stock based compensation expenses on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the award, which is generally the option vesting term. Total stock based compensation expense related to stock options was \$0.1 million for both the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020. Total stock based compensation expense related to stock options was \$0.3 million for both the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020. Stock based compensation expense pertaining to stock options is included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

As of September 30, 2021, the Company had outstanding stock options to purchase 992,695 shares of common stock at a weighted average exercise price of \$10.91.

Restricted stock:

The Company awards restricted common shares to selected employees and to non-employee directors. Recipients are not required to provide any consideration upon vesting of the award. Restricted stock awards are subject to certain restrictions on transfer, and all or part of the shares awarded may be subject to forfeiture upon the occurrence of certain events, including employment termination. Certain awards are also subject to forfeiture if the Company fails to attain certain performance targets. The restricted stock is valued at its grant date fair value and expensed over the requisite service period or the vesting term of the awards. The Company adjusts the cumulative expense recognized on awards with performance conditions based on the probability of achieving the performance condition. Total stock based compensation expense related to restricted stock was \$0.5 million for both the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020. Total stock based compensation expense related to restricted stock was \$1.6 million and \$1.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Stock based compensation expense pertaining to restricted stock awards is included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

As of September 30, 2021, the Company had 1,355,707 outstanding restricted common shares.

Note 11: New Markets Tax Credit

2016 New Markets Tax Credit

In December 2016, the Company entered into a financing transaction with U.S. Bank Community, LLC ("U.S. Bank") related to a \$9.2 million expansion of the Company's facility in Durant, Oklahoma. U.S. Bank made a capital contribution to, and Tile Shop Lending, Inc. ("Tile Shop Lending") made a loan to, Twain Investment Fund 192 LLC (the "Investment Fund") under a qualified New Markets Tax Credit ("NMTC") program. The NMTC program was provided for in the Community Renewal Tax Relief Act of 2000 (the "Act") and is intended to induce capital investment in qualified lower income communities. The Act permits taxpayers to claim credits against their federal income taxes for up to 39% of qualified investments in the equity of community development entities ("CDEs"). CDEs are privately managed investment institutions that are certified to make qualified low-income community investments.

In this transaction, Tile Shop Lending loaned \$6.7 million to the Investment Fund at an interest rate of 1.37% per year and with a maturity date of December 31, 2046. The Investment Fund then contributed the loan to a CDE, which, in turn, loaned the funds on similar terms to Tile Shop of Oklahoma, LLC, an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Holdings. The proceeds of the loans from the CDEs (including loans representing the capital contribution made by U.S. Bank, net of syndication fees) were used to partially fund the distribution center project.

In December 2016, U.S. Bank contributed \$3.2 million to the Investment Fund and, by virtue of such contribution, is entitled to substantially all of the tax benefits derived from the NMTC, while the Company effectively received net loan proceeds equal to U.S. Bank's contributions to the Investment Fund. This transaction includes a put/call provision whereby the Company may be obligated or entitled to repurchase U.S. Bank's interest. The Company believes that U.S. Bank will exercise the put option in December 2023 at the end of the recapture period. The value attributed to the put/call is de minimis. The NMTC is subject to 100% recapture for a

period of seven years as provided in the Internal Revenue Code. The Company is required to be in compliance with various regulations and contractual provisions that apply to the NMTC arrangement. Non-compliance with applicable requirements could result in projected tax benefits not being realized and, therefore, could require the Company to indemnify U.S. Bank for any loss or recapture of NMTCs related to the financing until such time as the obligation to deliver tax benefits is relieved. The Company does not anticipate any credit recaptures will be required in connection with this arrangement.

The Company has determined that the financing arrangement with the Investment Fund and CDEs constitutes a variable interest entity ("VIE"). The ongoing activities of the Investment Fund – collecting and remitting interest and fees and NMTC compliance – were all considered in the initial design and are not expected to significantly affect economic performance throughout the life of the Investment Fund. Management considered the contractual arrangements that obligate the Company to deliver tax benefits and provide various other guarantees to the structure; U.S. Bank's lack of a material interest in the underlying economics of the project; and the fact that the Company is obligated to absorb losses of the Investment Fund. The Company concluded that it is the primary beneficiary of the VIE and consolidated the Investment Fund, as a VIE, in accordance with the accounting standards for consolidation. In 2016, U.S. Bank's contributions of \$3.2 million, net of syndication fees, were included in cash, restricted cash, other accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet. The Company incurred \$1.3 million of syndication fees in connection with this transaction, which were classified as other current assets and other non-current assets in the consolidated balance sheet. The Company is recognizing the benefit of this net \$1.9 million contribution over the seven-year compliance period as it is being earned through the on-going compliance with the conditions of the NMTC program. As of September 30, 2021, the balance of the contribution liability for this arrangement was \$1.0 million, of which \$0.5 million was classified as other long-term liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheet and \$0.5 million was classified as other long-term liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

The Company is able to request reimbursement for certain expenditures made in connection with the expansion of the distribution center in Durant, Oklahoma from the Investment Fund. Expenditures that qualify for reimbursement include building costs, equipment purchases, and other expenditures tied to the expansion of the facility. As of September 30, 2021, the remaining balance in the Investment Fund available for reimbursement to the Company was \$0.7 million.

Note 12: Related Party Transactions

On July 9, 2018, Fumitake Nishi, a former Company employee and the brother-in-law of Robert A. Rucker, the Company's former Interim Chief Executive Officer and President, former member of the Company's Board of Directors, and former holder of more than 5% of the Company's common stock as of September 30, 2021, informed the Company he had reacquired a majority of the equity of one of its key vendors, Nanyang Helin Stone Co. Ltd ("Nanyang"). Mr. Nishi also has an ownership interest in Tilestyling Co. Ltd ("Tile Style"), a vendor from which the Company started acquiring product in 2020. Nanyang and Tile Style supply the Company with natural stone products, including hand-crafted mosaics, listellos and other accessories. The Company paid \$7.6 million to Nanyang in connection with purchases made during the year ended December 31, 2020. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company purchased \$2.9 million and \$6.2 million of products from Nanyang, respectively. As of September 30, 2021, there were no accounts payable due to Nanyang. The Company paid \$0.7 million to Tile Style in connection with purchases made during the year ended December 31, 2020. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company purchased \$1.0 million and \$2.1 million of products from Tile Style, respectively. As of September 30, 2021, the accounts payable due to Tile Style was \$0.1 million. Mr. Nishi's employment with the Company was terminated on January 1, 2014 as a result of several violations of the Company's code of business conduct and ethics policy. Certain of those violations involved his undisclosed ownership of Nanyang at that time.

Management and the Audit Committee have evaluated these relationships and determined that it would be in the Company's best interests to continue purchasing products from Nanyang and to begin purchasing products from Tile Style. The Company believes Nanyang and Tile Style each provide an important combination of quality, product availability and pricing, and relying solely on other vendors to supply similar product to the Company would not be in the Company's best interests. The Company and the Audit Committee will continue to review future purchases from Nanyang and Tile Style and compare the pricing for products purchased from each of Nanyang and Tile Style to the pricing of same or similar products purchased from unrelated vendors.

Note 13: Subsequent Event

On November 4, 2021, the Company announced that the Board of Directors had declared a \$0.65 special dividend to stockholders of record as of the close of business on November 19, 2021. The dividend will be paid on December 3, 2021.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of Tile Shop Holdings, Inc.'s ("Holdings," and together with its wholly owned subsidiaries, the "Company," "we," "us," or "our") financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 and our consolidated financial statements and related notes appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. In some cases, you can identify these statements by words such as, but not limited to, "anticipate," "believe," "can," "continue," "could," "depend," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "might," "plan," "project," "seek," "should," "target," "will," "will likely "would," and similar expressions or variations, although some forward-looking statements are expressed differently. All statements other than statements of historical fact are statements that could be deemed forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-O are based on current expectations and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause our actual results, performance. or achievements to differ materially from any expected future results, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties, many of which have been, and may further be, exacerbated by the COVID-19 pandemic, include, but are not limited to, our anticipated new store openings, remodeling plans, and growth opportunities; our business strengths, marketing strategies, competitive advantages and role in our industry and markets; our expectations regarding the potential impacts on our business of the COVID-19 pandemic, including its effect on general economic conditions and credit markets and on customer traffic to our stores, as well as the potential duration of the COVID-19 pandemic and the length and adequacy of measures we have taken to attempt to mitigate the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business; our ability to successfully implement our strategic plan and the anticipated benefits of our strategic plan; any statements with respect to dividends and timing, methods, and payment of same; the effectiveness of our marketing strategy; potential fluctuations in our comparable store sales; our expectations regarding our and our customers' financing arrangements and our ability to obtain additional capital, including potential difficulties of obtaining refinancing due to market conditions resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic; supply costs and expectations, including the continued availability of sufficient products from our suppliers and the potential impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on, among other things, product availability and pricing and timing and cost of deliveries; our expectations with respect to ongoing compliance with the terms of the Credit Agreement (as defined below), including the possibility that the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business may result in our inability to maintain such compliance, as well as the potential impact of the phase out of LIBOR; our ability to provide timely delivery to our customers; the effect of regulations on us and our industry, and our suppliers' compliance with such regulations, including any environmental or climate change-related requirements; our expectations regarding the effects of employee recruiting, training, mentoring, and retention, as well as the potential impact of the federal COVID-19 vaccination mandate on our ability to recruit and retain employees; the potential impact of cybersecurity breaches or disruptions to our management information systems; our ability to successfully implement our information technology initiatives, including our enterprise resource planning ("ERP") system; our ability to effectively manage our online sales; our ability to remediate material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting; costs and adequacy of insurance; the potential impact of natural disasters and other catastrophic events; risks inherent in operating as a holding company; fluctuations in material and energy costs; the potential outcome of any legal proceedings; risks related to ownership of our common stock; and those factors set forth in the section captioned "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020.

There is no assurance that our expectations will be realized. If one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or if our underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those expected, estimated, or projected. These statements are based on the beliefs and assumptions of our management based on information currently available to management. Furthermore, such forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements.

We intend to use our website, investors.tileshop.com, as a means of disclosing material non-public information and for complying with our disclosure obligations under Regulation FD of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Such disclosures will be included on our website under the heading News and Events. Accordingly, investors should monitor such portions of our website, in addition to following our press releases, SEC filings and public conference calls and webcasts. Information contained on or accessible through our website is not a part of, and is not incorporated by reference into, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or any other report or document we file with the SEC. Any reference to our website is intended to be an inactive textual reference only.

Overview and Recent Trends

We are a specialty retailer of natural stone and man-made tiles, setting and maintenance materials, and related accessories in the United States. We offer a wide selection of products, attractive prices, and exceptional customer service in an extensive showroom setting. As of September 30, 2021, we operated 143 stores in 31 states and the District of Columbia, with an average size of approximately 20,000 square feet.

We purchase our tile products and accessories directly from suppliers and manufacture our own setting and maintenance materials, such as thinset, grout, and sealers. We believe that our long-term supplier relationships, together with our design, manufacturing and distribution capabilities, enable us to offer a broad assortment of high-quality products to our customers, who are primarily homeowners and professionals, at competitive prices. We have invested significant resources to develop our proprietary brands and product sources, and we believe that we are a leading retailer of natural stone and man-made tiles, accessories, and related materials in the United States.

Impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 outbreak a global pandemic. COVID-19 has negatively impacted public health and the global economy, disrupted global supply chains, and created volatility in financial markets. The continuing implications of COVID-19 on us remain uncertain and will depend on certain future developments, including the duration, scope and severity of the pandemic and the effects of new variants of COVID-19, some of which may be more virulent or transmissible than the initial strain; its impact on our employees, customers and suppliers; the range and timing of government mandated restrictions and other measures, including the reimplementation of previously lifted measures or imposition of new measures and the potential impact of the federal vaccination mandate on our labor supply and future results of operations; and the success of the deployment and widespread adoption of approved COVID-19 vaccines and their effectiveness against new variants of COVID-19. This uncertainty could have a material impact on the accounting estimates and assumptions utilized to prepare our consolidated financial statements in future reporting periods, which could result in a material adverse impact on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

The COVID-19 pandemic had a significant impact on our operations during 2020. For instance, we experienced a sharp decline in traffic toward the end of the first quarter of 2020 following the onset of COVID-19 in the United States. In response, we took steps to reduce selling, general and administrative (sometimes referred to as "SG&A") expenses by eliminating a portion of our workforce, reducing store hours, curtailing advertising spending, reducing the number of replenishment trucks sent from our distribution centers to our stores and limiting other SG&A spending when possible. As state and local governments started lifting restrictions toward the end of the second quarter of 2020, we saw an improvement in traffic and sales trends. Throughout the remainder of 2020, we took a cautious approach to investing in activities that would increase our SG&A expenses, which included operating our stores at a reduced hours schedule compared to the prior year.

The pandemic has had a significant impact on our supply chain. During the third quarter of 2021, we continued to experience elevated levels of product shortages, which were partially due to vendor production delays and global shipping capacity constraints resulting, in part, from the impact of COVID-19. We continue to actively work with our vendors to secure delivery of backordered product. Additionally, many of our vendors have begun to communicate price increases in response to inflationary cost pressure, which, combined with escalated international shipping rates, is resulting in an increase in the cost of our inventory and corresponding pressure on our gross margin rates. In response to this cost pressure, we have adjusted, and plan to continue to adjust, our pricing.

On September 9, 2021, President Biden announced a proposed new rule that would require all employers with at least 100 employees to ensure that their employees are fully vaccinated or require unvaccinated workers to obtain a negative test at least once a week. On November 4, 2021, the Department of Labor's Occupational Safety and Health Administration ("OSHA") issued an emergency regulation to carry out this mandate. It is not currently possible to predict with any certainty the exact impact of the new regulation. As a company with more than 100 employees, we are required, by January 4, 2022, to mandate COVID-19 vaccination of our workforce or require our unvaccinated employees to be tested weekly and wear a face covering while working. This mandate could result in employee attrition and difficulty satisfying future labor needs and may have an adverse effect on future profit margins. We remain steadfast in our commitment to taking actions to ensure the safety of our labor force.

While we are cautiously optimistic with the current business trend and the progress made distributing COVID-19 vaccinations in recent months, the continued sporadic outbreaks of COVID-19 cases occurring globally, as well as the ongoing spread of new COVID-19 variants, could have a negative impact on us. Specifically, we could be adversely impacted by limitations on our employees to perform their work due to illness caused by the pandemic or local, state or federal orders requiring stores to close or employees to remain home; labor shortages resulting from various factors, including mandatory vaccination requirements; limitations of carriers to deliver our products to customers; product shortages; limitations on the ability of our customers to conduct their business and purchase our products and services; and limitations on the ability of our customers to pay us in a timely manner. These events could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, cash flows and liquidity. In addition, even after the COVID-19

pandemic has subsided, we may continue to experience adverse impacts to our business as a result of the economic impact of the pandemic.

September 2021 Quarter Financial Overview

For the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, we reported net sales of \$92.2 million and \$81.5 million, respectively. The sales results during the three months ended September 30, 2020 were adversely impacted by the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, which resulted in reduced store hours, lower levels of traffic and an overall decrease in sales. Over the last 12 months, we have seen improved sales due to strong demand for home improvement products, which, combined with the execution of the Company's strategy and an improvement in average ticket have contributed to a 12.8% increase in sales at comparable stores during the three months ended September 30, 2021.

The table below sets forth information about our comparable store sales growth (decline) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

	For the three m	onths ended	For the nine months ended			
	Septemb	er 30,	September 30,			
	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Comparable store sales growth (decline)	12.8 %	(6.5)%	14.9 %	(8.3)%		

For the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, we reported gross profit of \$62.9 million and \$55.3 million, respectively. The increase in gross profit was primarily due to the increase in sales. The gross margin rate was 68.2% and 67.9% for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The increase in gross margin rate was primarily driven by better pricing and an improvement in customer delivery collection rates, partially offset by increased costs for our products during the three months ended September 30, 2021 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2020.

For the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, we reported income from operations of \$3.2 million and \$2.9 million, respectively. The increase in income from operations was primarily due to the improvement in sales, which was partially offset by a \$7.4 million increase in selling, general and administrative expenses. The increase in selling, general and administrative expenses was largely attributable to an increase in expenses as the Company has resumed normal business operations and included a \$1.7 million increase in staffing costs, a \$0.5 million increase in marketing expenses, a \$0.4 million increase in travel, a \$0.4 million increase in store maintenance expenses and a \$0.3 million increase in recruiting expenses. Additionally, variable compensation costs increased by \$1.1 million and technology consulting costs increased by \$0.7 million. The increase in SG&A expenses during the three months ended September 30, 2021 also included \$0.7 million related to asset impairment. The asset impairment charge was recorded given diminished projections of future cash flows associated with a store that had underperformed prior to the onset of COVID-19, experienced further sales declines during 2020, has struggled to rebound as we emerge from the pandemic, and has been challenged by staffing turnover during 2021.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$44.4 million and \$57.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

After review and consideration of capital allocation alternatives with its financial advisor, the Independent Transaction Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") recommended that the Board approve a special dividend of \$0.65 per share. The members of the Board unanimously approved this recommendation on November 2, 2021. On November 4, 2021, we announced that the Board declared a \$0.65 special dividend to stockholders of record as of the close of business on November 19, 2021. The dividend will be paid on December 3, 2021.

Key Components of our Consolidated Statements of Operations

Net Sales – Net sales represents total charges to customers, net of returns, and includes freight charged to customers. We recognize sales at the time that the customer takes control of the merchandise or final delivery of the product has occurred. We are required to charge and collect sales and other taxes on sales to our customers and remit these taxes back to government authorities. Total revenues do not include sales tax because we are a pass-through conduit for collecting and remitting sales tax. Sales are reduced by a reserve for anticipated sales returns that we estimate based on historical returns.

The comparable store sales operating metric is the percentage change in sales of comparable stores period-over-period. A store is considered comparable on the first day of the 13th full month of operation. When a store is relocated, it is excluded from the comparable store sales calculation. Comparable store sales includes total charges to customers less any actual returns. We include the change in allowance for anticipated sales returns applicable to comparable stores in the comparable store sales calculation. Comparable store sales data reported by other companies may be prepared on a different basis and therefore may not be useful for purposes of comparing our results to those of other businesses. Company management believes the comparable store sales operating

metric provides useful information to both management and investors to evaluate the Company's performance, the effectiveness of its strategy and its competitive position.

Cost of Sales — Cost of sales consists primarily of material costs, freight, customs and duties fees, and storage and delivery of product to the customers, as well as physical inventory losses and costs associated with manufacturing of setting and maintenance materials.

Gross Profit – Gross profit is net sales less cost of sales. Gross margin rate is the percentage determined by dividing gross profit by net sales.

Selling, General, and Administrative Expenses – Selling, general, and administrative expenses consist primarily of compensation costs, occupancy, utilities, maintenance costs, advertising costs, shipping and transportation expenses to move inventory from our distribution centers to our stores, and depreciation and amortization.

Income Taxes – We are subject to income tax in the United States as well as other tax jurisdictions in which we conduct business.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the three months ended September 30, 2021 to the three months ended September 30, 2020

(in thousands)

	2021	% of sales	2020	% of sales ⁽¹⁾
Net sales	\$ 92,240	100.0 %	\$ 81,492	100.0 %
Cost of sales	29,291	31.8 %	26,188	32.1 %
Gross profit	 62,949	68.2 %	55,304	67.9 %
Selling, general and administrative expenses	59,791	64.8 %	52,403	64.3 %
Income from operations	 3,158	3.4 %	2,901	3.6 %
Interest expense	(204)	(0.2)%	(239)	(0.3)%
Income before income taxes	 2,954	3.2 %	2,662	3.3 %
Provision for income taxes	(779)	(0.8)%	(748)	(0.9)%
Net income	\$ 2,175	2.4 %	\$ 1,914	2.3 %

⁽¹⁾ Amounts do not foot due to rounding.

Net Sales Net sales for the third quarter of 2021 increased \$10.7 million, or 13.2%, compared with the third quarter of 2020. The sales results during the three months ended September 30, 2020 were adversely impacted by the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, which resulted in reduced store hours, lower levels of traffic and an overall decrease in sales during the three months ended September 30, 2020. Over the last 12 months, we have seen improved sales due to strong demand for home improvement products, which, combined with the execution of the Company's strategy and an improvement in average ticket have contributed to a 12.8% increase in sales at comparable stores during the three months ended September 30, 2021.

Gross Profit Gross profit for the third quarter of 2021 increased \$7.6 million, or 13.8%, compared with the third quarter of 2020, primarily due to the increase in sales. The gross margin rate was 68.2% and 67.9% for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The increase in gross margin rate was primarily driven by better pricing and an improvement in customer delivery collection rates, partially offset by increased costs for our products during the three months ended September 30, 2021 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2020.

Selling, General, and Administrative Expenses Selling, general, and administrative expenses for the third quarter of 2021 increased \$7.4 million, or 14.1%, compared with the third quarter of 2020. The increase in selling, general and administrative expenses was largely attributable to an increase in expenses as the Company has resumed normal business operations and included a \$1.7 million increase in staffing costs, a \$0.5 million increase in marketing expenses, a \$0.4 million increase in travel, a \$0.4 million increase in store maintenance expenses and a \$0.3 million increase in recruiting expenses. Additionally, variable compensation costs increased by \$1.1 million and technology consulting costs increased by \$0.7 million. The increase in SG&A expenses during the three months ended September 30, 2021 also included \$0.7 million related to asset impairment.

Interest Expense Interest expense was \$0.2 million for both the third quarter of 2021 and 2020.

Provision for Income Taxes The provision for income taxes for the third quarter of 2021 increased \$0.1 million compared with the third quarter of 2020. The increase in the provision for income tax was largely due to the increase in income before taxes. Our effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 was 26.4% and 28.1%, respectively.

Comparison of the nine months ended September 30, 2021 to the nine months ended September 30, 2020

(in thousands) 2020 2021 % of sales % of sales Net sales 280,517 100.0 % 243,501 100.0 % 32.0 % 86,957 31.0 % Cost of sales 77,828 193,560 69.0 % 165,673 68.0 % Gross profit Selling, general and administrative expenses 66.5 % 175,880 62.7 % 161.972 1.5 % (0.7)% Income from operations 6.3 % 17,680 3,701 Interest expense (0.2)%(1,646)(517)Income before income taxes 17,163 6.1 % 2,055 0.8 % (Provision) benefit for income taxes (1.5)%2,601 1.1 % (4,197)Net income 12,966 4.6 % 4,656 1.9 %

Net Sales Net sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 increased \$37.0 million, or 15.2%, compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The sales results during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 were adversely impacted by the onset of COVID-19 in the United States and the shelter in place restrictions implemented by many state and local governments in response to the pandemic. This resulted in store closures, reduced store hours, lower levels of traffic and an overall decrease in sales during the nine months ended September 30, 2020. Over the last 12 months, we have seen restrictions ease, the rollout of vaccinations in the United States, and strong demand for home improvement products. These factors, combined with the execution of the Company's strategy and an improvement in average ticket have contributed to a 14.9% increase in sales at comparable stores.

Gross Profit Gross profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 increased \$27.9 million, or 16.8%, compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The increase in gross profit was primarily due to the increase in sales. The gross margin rate was 69.0% and 68.0% for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The increase in gross margin rate was primarily driven by better pricing and an improvement in customer delivery collection rates during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 when compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

Selling, General, and Administrative Expenses SG&A expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 increased \$13.9 million, or 8.6%, compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The increase in SG&A expenses included a \$6.1 million increase in variable compensation expenses and a \$2.0 million increase in transportation costs. Additionally, SG&A expenses increased as the Company resumed normal business operations during 2021 and included a \$2.4 million increase in staffing costs, a \$1.4 million increase in marketing expenses, a \$0.5 million increase in travel expenses, a \$0.3 million increase in store maintenance expenses and a \$0.3 million increase in recruiting expenses. During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company recorded \$2.2 million of asset impairment charges and \$2.0 million of legal costs incurred in connection with shareholder litigation in SG&A expenses. During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company recorded \$0.7 million of asset impairment charges. The Company did not record any legal costs in connection with shareholder litigation during the nine months ended September 30, 2021.

Interest Expense Interest expense was \$0.5 million and \$1.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The decrease was due to the decrease in outstanding debt during the nine months ended September 30, 2021.

Provision for Income Taxes Provision for income taxes increased \$6.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2020. Our effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 was 24.5% and (126.6)%, respectively. The tax benefit recognized during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and the change in the effective tax rate was primarily due the enactment of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (the CARES Act), which gave the Company the ability to carry back federal net operating losses to years with a federal statutory tax rate of 35%. The Company's effective tax rate during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 included a \$0.4 million tax benefit associated with restricted stock award vestings.

Non-GAAP Measures

We calculate Adjusted EBITDA by taking net income calculated in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"), and adjusting for interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, and stock based compensation expense. Adjusted EBITDA margin is equal to Adjusted EBITDA divided by net sales. We calculate pretax return on capital employed by taking income (loss) from operations divided by capital employed. Capital employed equals total assets less accounts payable, income taxes payable, other accrued liabilities, lease liability and other long-term liabilities. Other companies may calculate both Adjusted EBITDA and pretax return on capital employed differently, limiting the usefulness of these measures for comparative purposes.

We believe that these non-GAAP measures of financial results provide useful information to management and investors regarding certain financial and business trends relating to our financial condition and results of operations. Our management uses these non-GAAP measures to compare our performance to that of prior periods for trend analyses, for purposes of determining management incentive compensation, for budgeting and planning purposes and for assessing the effectiveness of capital allocation over time. These measures are used in monthly financial reports prepared for management and our Board of Directors. We believe that the use of these non-GAAP financial measures provides an additional tool for investors to use in evaluating ongoing operating results and trends and in comparing our financial measures with other specialty retailers, many of which present similar non-GAAP financial measures to investors.

Our management does not consider these non-GAAP measures in isolation or as an alternative to financial measures determined in accordance with GAAP. The principal limitations of these non-GAAP financial measures are that they exclude significant expenses and income that are required by GAAP to be recognized in our consolidated financial statements. In addition, they are subject to inherent limitations as they reflect the exercise of judgments by management about which expenses and income are excluded or included in determining these non-GAAP financial measures. In order to compensate for these limitations, management presents non-GAAP financial measures in connection with GAAP results. We urge investors to review the reconciliation of our non-GAAP financial measures to the comparable GAAP financial measures and not to rely on any single financial measure to evaluate our business.

The reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

(in thousands)
Three Months Ended
September 30.

	september 50;					
		2021	% of sales	2020		% of sales ⁽¹⁾
Net income	\$	2,175	2.4 %	\$	1,914	2.3 %
Interest expense		204	0.2 %		239	0.3 %
Provision for income taxes		779	0.8 %		748	0.9 %
Depreciation and amortization		6,689	7.3 %		7,656	9.4 %
Stock based compensation		560	0.6 %		567	0.7 %
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	10,407	11.3 %	\$	11,124	13.7 %

(in thousands)
Nine Months Ended
September 30

	September 50,				
	2021	% of sales ⁽¹⁾		2020	% of sales ⁽¹⁾
Net income	\$ 12,966	4.6 %	\$	4,656	1.9 %
Interest expense	517	0.2 %		1,646	0.7 %
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	4,197	1.5 %		(2,601)	(1.1) %
Depreciation and amortization	20,948	7.5 %		23,738	9.7 %
Stock based compensation	 1,859	0.7 %		1,671	0.7 %
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 40,487	14.4 %	\$	29,110	12.0 %

⁽¹⁾ Amounts do not foot due to rounding.

The calculation of pretax return on capital employed is as follows:

	 (in thousands) September 30,				
	2021 ⁽¹⁾		2020 ⁽¹⁾		
Income (loss) from Operations (trailing twelve months)	\$ 20,355	\$	(712)		
T - 1 A	252 404		250 200		
Total Assets	353,491		378,380		
Less: Accounts payable	(16,909)		(15,605)		
Less: Income tax payable	(222)		(110)		
Less: Other accrued liabilities	(40,322)		(35,986)		
Less: Lease liability	(144,787)		(154,962)		
Less: Other long-term liabilities	(4,511)		(4,185)		
Capital Employed	\$ 146,740	\$	167,532		
Pretax Return on Capital Employed	13.9 %)	(0.4)%		

⁽¹⁾ Income statement accounts represent the activity for the trailing twelve months ended as of each of the balance sheet dates. Balance sheet accounts represent the average account balance for the four quarters ended as of each of the balance sheet dates.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our principal liquidity requirements have been for working capital and capital expenditures. Our principal sources of liquidity are \$44.3 million of cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2021, our cash flow from operations, and borrowings available under our Credit Agreement. We expect to use this liquidity for purchasing additional merchandise inventory, maintaining our existing stores, and general corporate purposes. We also recently approved a special dividend that will enable us to return excess capital to stockholders.

On September 18, 2018, Holdings and its operating subsidiary, The Tile Shop, LLC, entered into a Credit Agreement with Bank of America, N.A., Fifth Third Bank and Citizens Bank (the "Credit Agreement"). The Credit Agreement provides us with a senior credit facility consisting of a \$100.0 million revolving line of credit through September 18, 2023. Borrowings pursuant to the Credit Agreement initially bear interest at a LIBOR or base rate. The LIBOR-based rate ranges from LIBOR plus 1.50% to 2.25% depending on our rent adjusted leverage ratio. The base rate is equal to the greatest of (a) the Federal funds rate plus 0.50%, (b) the Bank of America "prime rate," and (c) the Eurodollar rate plus 1.00%, in each case plus 0.50% to 1.25% depending on our rent adjusted leverage ratio. At September 30, 2021, the base interest rate was 3.75% and the LIBOR-based interest rate was 1.59%. We did not have any borrowings outstanding on our revolving line of credit as of September 30, 2021. In addition, we have standby letters of credit outstanding related to our workers' compensation and medical insurance policies. Standby letters of credit totaled \$2.4 million as of both September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020. There was \$97.6 million available for borrowing on the revolving line of credit as of September 30, 2021, which may be used to support our growth and for working capital purposes.

The Credit Agreement is secured by virtually all of our assets, including but not limited to, inventory, receivables, equipment and real property. The Credit Agreement contains customary events of default, conditions to borrowings, and restrictive covenants, including restrictions on our ability to dispose of assets, make acquisitions, incur additional debt, incur liens, or make investments. The Credit Agreement also includes financial and other covenants, including covenants to maintain certain fixed charge coverage ratios and consolidated total rent adjusted leverage ratios. We were in compliance with the covenants as of September 30, 2021.

We believe that our cash flow from operations, together with our existing cash and cash equivalents and borrowings available under our Credit Agreement, will be sufficient to fund our operations and anticipated capital expenditures over at least the next twelve months. However, the worldwide economic disruptions caused by the COVID-19 pandemic could materially affect our future access to our sources of liquidity. In the event of a sustained market deterioration and declines in net sales, profit and operating cash flow, we may need additional liquidity, which would require us to evaluate available alternatives and take appropriate actions.

Capital Expenditures

Capital expenditures were \$8.9 million and \$1.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The increase in capital expenditures in 2021 was due to investments in one new store, one store relocation, store remodels, merchandising and information technology assets.

Cash flows

The following table summarizes our cash flow data for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

		(in thousands) Nine Months Ended		
				nded
		September 30,		
		2021		2020
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	44,390	\$	57,347
Net cash used in investing activities		(8,933)		(1,315)
Net cash used in financing activities		(821)		(56,278)

Operating activities

Net cash provided by operating activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 was \$44.4 million compared with \$57.3 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The decrease was primarily attributable to a decrease in cash provided by the change in inventory, which was partially offset by an increase in net income.

Investing activities

Net cash used in investing activities totaled \$8.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 compared with \$1.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The increase in cash used in investing activities was due to an increase in capital expenditures during 2021 to invest in one new store, one store relocation, store remodels, merchandising and information technology assets.

Financing activities

Net cash used in financing activities was \$0.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 compared with \$56.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The decrease in cash used in financing activities during the third quarter of 2021 was due to a decrease in debt payments.

Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$44.3 million at September 30, 2021 compared with \$9.6 million at December 31, 2020. Working capital was \$53.1 million at September 30, 2021 compared with \$27.9 million at December 31, 2020. The increase in working capital during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 was primarily due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, we did not have any "off-balance sheet arrangements" (as such term is defined in Item 303 of Regulation S-K) that could have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, net sales or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In the first quarter of fiscal 2021, we adopted new accounting requirements related to the measurement of credit losses on financial instruments, including trade receivables. The new standard and subsequent amendments replaced the incurred loss impairment model with a forward-looking expected credit loss model, which will generally result in earlier recognition of credit losses. Our allowance for doubtful accounts represents an estimate of expected credit losses related to our trade receivables. To estimate our allowance for doubtful accounts, we leverage information on historical losses, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts of future conditions. Account balances are written off against the allowance when we deem the amount is uncollectible. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In the first quarter of fiscal 2021, we adopted a new accounting standard that simplifies accounting for income taxes. Specifically, the new standard simplifies aspects of accounting for franchise taxes and enacted changes in tax laws or rates and clarifies the accounting for transactions that result in a step-up in the tax basis of goodwill. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In March 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued guidance providing optional expedients and exceptions to account for the effects of reference rate reform to contracts, hedging relationships and other transactions that reference LIBOR or another reference rate expected to be discontinued. The optional guidance is effective as of the beginning of the reporting period

when the election is made through December 31, 2022. We are currently evaluating the impact this guidance will have on our consolidated financial statements.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have been no material changes in our primary risk exposures or management of market risks from those disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We have established disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC, and that information relating to the Company is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2021 and concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of September 30, 2021 due to material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting as described below.

On January 1, 2019, we implemented an ERP system on a company-wide basis. As previously disclosed, during the year ended December 31, 2019, we identified two material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting that arose from the new ERP system implementation. The two material weaknesses are:

The ineffective design and implementation of effective controls with respect to the ERP system conversion. Specifically, we did not exercise
sufficient corporate governance and oversight, design effective controls over the ERP implementation to ensure appropriate data conversion and
data integrity, or provide sufficient end-user training to our employees to ensure that our employees could effectively operate the system and
carry out their responsibilities.

The ineffective design and implementation of IT general controls ("ITGCs") for the ERP system that are relevant to the preparation of our
financial statements. Specifically, we did not (i) maintain adequate control over user access to the ERP system to ensure appropriate segregation
of duties and to restrict access to financial applications and data; and (ii) maintain adequate documentation practices surrounding management
and control of IT changes affecting financial IT applications. Our business process controls (automated and manual) are dependent on the
affected ITGCs and, therefore, are also deemed ineffective because they are adversely impacted by the ineffective ITGCs.

Planned Remediation of Material Weaknesses

We have adjusted, and intend to consider further adjustments to, our previously disclosed plans relating to addressing these material weaknesses. We have taken steps to strengthen our change management procedures and performed a project to segregate responsibilities from users with access to our ERP system. The identified material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting will not be considered remediated until controls have been designed and are in operation for a sufficient period of time for our management to conclude that the material weaknesses have been remediated. We will continue to assess the effectiveness of our remediation efforts in connection with our evaluations of internal control over financial reporting.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in internal control over financial reporting (as defined by Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the quarter ended September 30, 2021 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting, except as set forth above under "Planned Remediation of Material Weaknesses".

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are, from time to time, party to lawsuits, threatened lawsuits, disputes and other claims arising in the normal course of business. We assess our liabilities and contingencies in connection with outstanding legal proceedings utilizing the latest information available. Where it is probable that we will incur a loss and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, we record a liability in our consolidated financial statements. These legal accruals may be increased or decreased to reflect any relevant developments on a quarterly basis. Where a loss is not probable or the amount of the loss is not estimable, we do not record an accrual, consistent with

applicable accounting guidance. In the opinion of management, while the outcome of such claims and disputes cannot be predicted with certainty, our ultimate liability in connection with these matters is not expected to have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position or cash flows, and the amounts accrued for any individual matter are not material. However, legal proceedings are inherently uncertain. As a result, the outcome of a particular matter or a combination of matters may be material to our results of operations for a particular period, depending upon the size of the loss or our income for that particular period.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020, except as set forth below. Disclosures of risks should not be interpreted to imply that the risks have not already materialized. The COVID-19 pandemic continues to present a risk to our business, and the impacts from COVID-19, including supply chain disruptions, could exacerbate other risks discussed in Part I Item 1A. Risk Factors of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020, any of which could have a material adverse effect on us. This situation is continuously evolving, and additional impacts may arise of which we are not currently aware.

The new regulation concerning mandatory COVID-19 vaccination of employees could have a material adverse impact on our business and results of operations.

On September 9, 2021, President Biden announced a proposed new rule that would require all employers with at least 100 employees to ensure that their employees are fully vaccinated or require unvaccinated workers to obtain a negative COVID-19 test at least once a week. On November 4, 2021, OSHA issued an emergency regulation to carry out this mandate. It is currently not possible to predict with any certainty the exact impact the new regulation will have on us. As a company with more than 100 employees, we are required, by January 4, 2022, to mandate COVID-19 vaccination of our workforce or require our unvaccinated employees to be tested weekly and wear a face covering while working. This could result in employee attrition and difficulty satisfying future labor needs. If we were to lose employees, it could have an adverse effect on future revenues and costs, and, correspondingly, on future profit margins, which could be material. Accordingly, the new regulation could have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

			Total Number of	Maximum Number
			Shares Purchased as	of Shares that May
			Part of Publicly	Yet be Purchased
	Total Number of	Average Price	Announced Plans or	Under the Plans or
<u>Period</u>	Shares Purchased	Paid per Share	Program	Programs
July 1, 2021 - July 31, 2021	25,939 (1)	\$ 4.42	-	-
August 1, 2021 - August 31, 2021	2,004 (2)	0.00	-	-
September 1, 2021 - September 30, 2021	-	-	-	-
	27,943	\$ 4.11		-

- (1) We withheld a total of 15,311 shares to satisfy tax withholding obligations due upon the vesting of restricted stock grants, as allowed by the 2012 Omnibus Award Plan. We did not pay cash to repurchase these shares, nor were these repurchases part of a publicly announced plan or program. We repurchased an additional 10,628 shares pursuant to the terms of the underlying restricted stock agreements, as allowed by the 2012 Omnibus Award Plan. We paid \$0.0001 per share, the par value, to repurchase these shares. These repurchases were not part of a publicly announced plan or program.
- We repurchased 2,004 shares pursuant to the terms of the underlying restricted stock agreements, as allowed by the 2012 Omnibus Award Plan. We paid \$0.0001 per share, the par value, to repurchase these shares. These repurchases were not part of a publicly announced plan or program.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not Applicable.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not Applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

The following table sets forth, as of November 1, 2021, information regarding beneficial ownership of our common stock by each person, or group of affiliated persons, known by us to beneficially own more than 5% of our common stock.

Beneficial ownership is determined according to the rules of the SEC, and generally means that a person has beneficial ownership of a security if he, she, or it possesses sole or shared voting or investment power of that security. Except as indicated by the footnotes below, we believe, based on the information furnished to us, that the persons named in the table below have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of common stock shown that they beneficially own, subject to community property laws where applicable. The information does not necessarily indicate beneficial ownership for any other purpose.

We have based our calculation of the percentage of beneficial ownership on 51,969,094 shares of our common stock outstanding on November 1, 2021.

Unless otherwise noted below, the address for each of the shareholders in the table below is c/o Tile Shop Holdings, Inc., 14000 Carlson Parkway, Plymouth, Minnesota 55441.

Name of Beneficial Owner	Number of Shares Beneficially Owned	Percent
5% Stockholders:		
Peter J. Jacullo III, Director ⁽¹⁾	8,591,379	16.5 %
Peter H. Kamin, Chairman of the Board ⁽²⁾	6,872,802	13.2 %
Cannell Capital LLC ⁽³⁾	3,147,164	6.1 %
Savitr Capital LLC ⁽⁴⁾	2,770,535	5.3 %
Philotimo Fund, LP and affiliates ⁽⁵⁾	2,597,857	5.0 %

- Based on a Schedule 13D/A filed with the SEC on January 16, 2020 by JWTS, Inc. ("JWTS"), Peter J. Jacullo III, and the Katherine D. Jacullo Children's 1993 Irrevocable Trust (the "Jacullo Trust") and a Form 4 filed by Mr. Jacullo with the SEC on July 21, 2021. JWTS directly holds 4,441,180 shares of common stock and has sole voting and dispositive power with respect to such shares. Mr. Jacullo is the President and sole member of the board of directors of JWTS, holds sole voting and dispositive power over the securities held by JWTS, and may be deemed to beneficially own the securities held by JWTS. The Jacullo Trust directly holds 3,676,989 shares of common stock and has sole voting and dispositive power with respect to such shares. Mr. Jacullo is a co-trustee of the Jacullo Trust, holds shared voting and dispositive power over the securities held by the Jacullo Trust, and may be deemed to beneficially own the securities held by the Jacullo Trust. Mr. Jacullo disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares of common stock held by the Jacullo Trust, except to the extent of his pecuniary interest therein. Mr. Jacullo directly holds 473,210 shares of common stock over which he has sole voting and dispositive power, including 14,477 shares of unvested restricted common stock.
- Based on a Schedule 13D/A filed with the SEC on January 14, 2020 by Peter H. Kamin and a Form 4 filed by Mr. Kamin with the SEC on July 21, 2021. Includes (i) 1,694,608 shares of common stock held by the Peter H. Kamin Revocable Trust dated February 2003, of which Peter H. Kamin is the trustee; (ii) 1,033,562 shares of common stock held by the Peter H. Kamin Childrens Trust dated March 1997, of which Mr. Kamin is the trustee; (iii) 97,453 shares of common stock held by the Peter H. Kamin Family Foundation, of which Mr. Kamin is the trustee; (iv) 328,711 shares of common stock held by the Peter H. Kamin GST Trust, of which Mr. Kamin is the trustee; (v) 333,307 shares of common stock held by 3K Limited Partnership, of which Mr. Kamin is the general partner; and (vi) 3,385,161 shares of common stock directly held by Mr. Kamin, including 23,918 shares of unvested restricted common stock. Mr. Kamin has sole voting and dispositive power over all such shares.
- Based on a Schedule 13D filed with the SEC on February 3, 2021 by Cannell Capital LLC and J. Carlo Cannell. Cannell Capital LLC acts as the investment adviser to Tonga Partners, L.P., Tristan Partners, L.P. and Tristan Offshore Fund, Ltd. (the "Funds") and as investment advisor to various separately-managed accounts (collectively with the Funds, the "Investment Vehicles"). Mr. Cannell is the sole managing member of Cannell Capital LLC and investment adviser to the Investment Vehicles. As such, Cannell Capital LLC and Mr. Cannell may be deemed to beneficially own the 3,147,164 shares of common stock held directly by the Investment Vehicles and have sole voting and dispositive power over such shares. The business address of the reporting persons is 245 Meriwether Circle, Alta, Wyoming 83414.
- (4) Based on a Schedule 13G filed with the SEC on January 28, 2020 by Savitr Capital LLC ("Savitr"), Savitr holds shared voting and dispositive power over 2,770,535 shares of common stock. The business address of Savitr is 600 Montgomery Street, 47th Floor, San Francisco, California 94111.

(5) Based on a Schedule 13G filed with the SEC on February 4, 2021 by Philotimo Fund, LP ("Philotimo"), Kanen Wealth Management, LLC ("KWM"), and David L. Kanen, reporting holdings as of January 22, 2021. KWM is the general partner of Philotimo. Mr. Kanen is the managing member of KWM. By virtue of these relationships, KWM may be deemed to beneficially own the shares of common stock owned by Philotimo, and Mr. Kanen may be deemed to beneficially own the shares of common stock owned by each of Philotimo and KWM. Philotimo reported beneficial ownership of, and shared voting and dispositive power over, 1,524,524 shares. KWM reported beneficial ownership of, and shared voting and dispositive power over, 2,512,155 shares. Mr. Kanen reported beneficial ownership of 2,597,857 shares, including 85,702 shares over which he has sole voting and dispositive power and 2,512,155 shares over which he has shared voting and dispositive power. The business address of the reporting persons is 5850 Coral Ridge Drive, Suite 309, Coral Springs, Florida 33076.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit No.	Description
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Registration Statement
	on Form S-4 (Reg. No. 333-182482) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 2, 2012).
<u>3.2</u>	Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation of Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 21, 2021).
3.3	By-Laws of Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4
	(Reg. No. 333-182482) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 2, 2012).
10.1*	Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. 2021 Omnibus Equity Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current
	Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 21, 2021).
10.2*	Form of Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement under the Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. 2021 Omnibus Equity Compensation Plan
	(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange
	<u>Commission on July 21, 2021).</u>
<u>10.3*</u>	Form of Incentive Stock Option Agreement under the Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. 2021 Omnibus Equity Compensation Plan (incorporated by
	reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 21,
10.44	<u>2021).</u>
<u>10.4*</u>	Form of Stock Restriction Agreement under the Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. 2021 Omnibus Equity Compensation Plan (incorporated by
	reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 21,
10.5*	2021). Form of Performance-Based Stock Restriction Agreement under the Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. 2021 Omnibus Equity Compensation Plan
10.5	(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange
	Commission on July 21, 2021).
31.1**	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2**	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1***	Certifications of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2***	Certifications of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.
101**	The following financial statements from the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2021 are formatted in
	iXBRL (Inline eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations,
	(iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iv) Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity, (v) Consolidated
	Statements of Cash Flows, and (vi) the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

^{*} Management compensatory plan or arrangement. ** Filed herewith *** Furnished herewith

Dated: November 4, 2021

Dated: November 4, 2021

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

TILE SHOP HOLDINGS, INC.

By: /s/ CABELL H. LOLMAUGH Cabell H. Lolmaugh Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ NANCY DIMATTIA
Nancy DiMattia
Chief Financial Officer

302 CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

- I, Cabell H. Lolmaugh, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Tile Shop Holdings, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a- 15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 4, 2021 /s/ CABELL H. LOLMAUGH

Cabell H. Lolmaugh Chief Executive Officer

302 CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

- I, Nancy DiMattia, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Tile Shop Holdings, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a- 15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be
 designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its
 consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in
 which this report is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 4, 2021 /s/ Nancy DiMattia

Nancy DiMattia, Chief Financial Officer

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350 (as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002), I, Cabell H. Lolmaugh, the Chief Executive Officer of Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certify that the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the period ended September 30, 2021 ("the Report") fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the SEC or its staff upon request.

Date: November 4, 2021 /s/ CABELL H. LOLMAUGH

Cabell H. Lolmaugh Chief Executive Officer

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350 (as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002), I, Nancy DiMattia, the Chief Financial Officer of Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certify that the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the period ended September 30, 2021 ("the Report") fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the SEC or its staff upon request.

Date: November 4, 2021 /s/ Nancy DiMattia

Nancy DiMattia, Chief Financial Officer