

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): April 30, 2019

TILE SHOP HOLDINGS, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

001-35629
(Commission File Number)

45-5538095
(IRS Employer Identification No.)

14000 Carlson Parkway, Plymouth, Minnesota 55441
(Address of principal executive offices, including ZIP code)

(763) 852-2950
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable
(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§ 230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b—2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§ 240.12b—2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On April 30, 2019, Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. (the “Company”) issued a press release announcing its financial results for the three months ended March 31, 2019. A copy of the press release is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K and is incorporated herein by reference.

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, such exhibit and the information set forth therein and in this Item 2.02 have been furnished and shall not be deemed “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), or otherwise subject to liability under that section nor shall they be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing regardless of any general incorporation language.

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure

Dividend

On April 30, 2019, the Company announced its declaration of a cash dividend of \$0.05 per share to stockholders of record as of May 6, 2019 in its earnings press release. The dividend will be paid on May 17, 2019. A copy of the press release is attached as Exhibit 99.1 hereto and is incorporated herein by reference.

Repurchase Program

On April 29, 2019, the Board of Directors of the Company authorized a share repurchase program (the “Share Repurchase Program” or “Program”), pursuant to which the Company may, from time to time, purchase shares of its common stock for an aggregate repurchase price not to exceed \$15,000,000. The Program will begin on May 2, 2019 and will continue indefinitely until the full repurchase amount has been utilized or the Board of Directors terminates the Program.

The Share Repurchase Program permits shares to be repurchased in open market or private transactions, through block trades, and pursuant to any trading plan that may be adopted in accordance with Rule 10b5-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Repurchases will be made at management’s discretion at prices management considers to be attractive and in the best interests of both the Company and its stockholders, subject to the availability of stock, general market conditions, the trading price of the stock, alternative uses for capital, and the Company’s financial performance. Open market purchases will be conducted in accordance with the limitations set forth in Rule 10b-18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 2934, as amended, and other applicable legal requirements.

Any repurchases under the Share Repurchase Program will be disclosed in the Company’s Annual Reports on Form 10-K and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Company announced the Share Repurchase Program as part of its earnings press release, which is attached as Exhibit 99.1 hereto and is incorporated herein by reference.

Controls and Procedures

While the Company is still completing its assessment of the effectiveness of its internal controls over financial reporting as of March 31, 2019, it expects to report in its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2019 (the “Form 10-Q”) two material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting arising from the enterprise resource planning system implementation that took place on January 1, 2019. Specifically, the Company expects to include the following disclosures in Item 4 of Part I of the Form 10-Q.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We have established disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and that information relating to the Company is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal officers as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2019 and have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of March 31, 2019 due to material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting as described below.

On January 1, 2019, we implemented a new enterprise resource planning (“ERP”) system on a company-wide basis. During the quarter ended March 31, 2019, we identified two material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting that arose from the new ERP system implementation. The two material weaknesses are:

- The ineffective design and implementation of effective controls with respect to the ERP system conversion. Specifically, we did not exercise sufficient corporate governance and oversight, design effective controls over the ERP implementation to ensure appropriate data conversion and data integrity, or provide sufficient end user training to our employees to ensure that our employees could effectively operate the system and carry out their responsibilities.
- The ineffective design and implementation of information technology (“IT”) general controls for the ERP system that are relevant to the preparation of our financial statements. Specifically, we did not (i) maintain adequate control over user access to the ERP system to ensure appropriate segregation of duties and to restrict access to financial applications and data; and (ii) maintain adequate documentation practices surrounding management and control of IT changes affecting financial IT applications.

Management has been actively engaged in developing remediation plans to address the control deficiencies outlined above. The remediation efforts include the following:

- Corporate Governance and Oversight – We have established a plan to help stabilize the ERP system and address the control deficiencies arising from the conversion. We have shared this plan with our Audit Committee and will provide periodic updates with respect to our progress. Additionally, we have hired a senior professional overseeing the effort to design, implement, and ensure the ongoing execution of our IT general controls.
- Data Integrity and Data Conversion – We continue to perform validations on data included in the new ERP system.
- End User Training – We are developing and providing additional training to employees to enhance their understanding of the new ERP system.
- User Access – We are addressing segregation of duties by establishing user roles specific to the nature of each job function. We are also establishing controls to ensure appropriate authorization of new user access requests and we will perform routine reviews of user access.
- Change Management – We are restricting the number of users who have the ability to make changes to the ERP system. We are also establishing documentation requirements surrounding the testing, approval and implementation of changes that affect financial applications.

The Company started the remediation steps outlined above prior to March 31, 2019.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

On January 1, 2019, we implemented an ERP system on a company-wide basis. The implementation resulted in the two material weaknesses identified above. We believe we have developed an appropriate plan to remediate and have begun our remediation efforts related to the material weaknesses.

Risk Factors

Additionally, the Company expects to include the following disclosure in Item 1A of Part II of the Form 10-Q:

There have been no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 other than with respect to the risk factors discussed below.

Implementation of our new enterprise resource planning system has adversely impacted and could continue to negatively affect our business.

We rely extensively on our information technology (“IT”) systems to assist us in managing our business and summarizing our operational results. On January 1, 2019 we deployed a company-wide new enterprise resource planning (“ERP”) system. The new ERP system was implemented to position the Company for long-term growth, further enhance operating efficiencies and provide more effective management of our business operations, including sales order processing, inventory control, purchasing and supply chain management, and financial reporting. Implementing the new ERP system has been costly and has required, and may continue to require, the investment of significant personnel and financial resources. In addition to the risks inherent in the conversion to any new IT system, including the loss of information, disruption to our normal operations, and changes in accounting procedures, the implementation of our new ERP system has resulted in operational and reporting disruptions related to the conversion of existing customer orders, processing of new customer orders and maintaining an effective internal control environment.

Failure to properly or adequately address any issues with our new ERP system could result in increased costs and the diversion of management’s and employees’ attention and resources and could materially adversely affect our operating results, internal control over financial reporting and ability to manage our business effectively. While the ERP system is intended to further improve and

enhance our information management systems, the ongoing implementation of this new ERP system exposes us to the risks of integrating that system with our existing systems and processes, including possible continued disruption of our financial reporting.

We have identified two material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting which, if not remediated, could result in material misstatements of our financial statements.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2019, we identified material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting that pertain to our ERP system conversion that took place on January 1, 2019 involving (1) the ineffective design and implementation of effective controls with respect to the ERP system conversion, and (2) the ineffective design and implementation of IT general controls for information systems that are relevant to the preparation of financial statements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Although we have developed and are implementing a plan to remediate these material weaknesses and believe, based on our evaluation to date, that these material weaknesses will be remediated in a timely fashion, we cannot ensure that this will occur within a specific timeframe. These material weaknesses will not be remediated until all necessary internal controls have been implemented, tested and determined to be operating effectively. In addition, we may need to take additional measures to address the material weaknesses or modify the planned remediation steps, and we cannot be certain that the measures we have taken, and expect to take, to improve our internal controls will be sufficient to address the issues identified, to ensure that our internal controls are effective or to ensure that the identified material weaknesses will not result in a material misstatement of our financial statements. Moreover, we cannot ensure that we will not identify additional material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting in the future.

If we are unable to remediate the material weaknesses, our ability to record, process and report financial information accurately, and to prepare financial statements within the time periods specified by the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission, could be adversely affected. This failure could negatively affect the market price and trading liquidity of our common stock, cause investors to lose confidence in our reported financial information, subject us to civil and criminal investigations and penalties and materially and adversely impact our business and financial condition.

Disclaimer

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, Exhibit 99.1 hereto and the information set forth therein and in this Item 7.01 have been furnished and shall not be deemed “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to liability under that section nor shall they be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing regardless of any general incorporation language.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

[99.1](#)

[Press Release of Tile Shop Holdings, Inc., dated April 30, 2019.](#)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

TILE SHOP HOLDINGS, INC.

Date: April 30, 2019

By /s/ Kirk L. Geadelmann

Name: Kirk L. Geadelmann

Title: Chief Financial Officer



**THE TILE SHOP REPORTS FIRST QUARTER 2019 RESULTS
ANNOUNCES \$15 MILLION SHARE REPURCHASE PROGRAM
DECLARES CASH DIVIDEND**

MINNEAPOLIS – April 30, 2019 – Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. (Nasdaq: TTS) (the “Company”), a specialty retailer of natural stone and man-made tiles, setting and maintenance materials, and related accessories, today announced results for its first quarter ended March 31, 2019.

First Quarter Summary

Net Sales Decreased 4.6%
Comparable Store Sales Decreased 4.2%
Gross Margin Increased to 71.2%
Net Income of \$1.3 million; Adjusted EBITDA of \$11.6 million
Opened 1 store in Q1
Board of Directors Approves \$15 million Share Repurchase Program
Dividend of \$0.05 per Common Share Declared

Management Commentary – Cabell Lolmaugh, CEO

“We implemented two significant new systems in January to position our company for long-term growth. This included our new ERP system on January 1 and our new website platform in mid-January. The conversions to these new systems negatively impacted our traffic, customer experience and sales during the quarter primarily due to challenges with POS functionality, speed and performance. First quarter traffic and sales were also negatively impacted by poor weather conditions in the upper Midwest and in the Northeast. Looking ahead to the remainder of the year, we will focus on improving traffic and sales by featuring our industry leading tile assortment, executing various retail marketing strategies, and working to enhance the performance of our ERP system and website platform.”

Repurchase Program

On April 29, 2019, the Board of Directors of the Company authorized a share repurchase program (the “Share Repurchase Program” or “Program”), pursuant to which the Company may, from time to time, purchase shares of its common stock for an aggregate repurchase price not to exceed \$15,000,000. The Program will begin on May 2, 2019 and will continue indefinitely until the full repurchase amount has been utilized or the Board of Directors terminates the Program.

(unaudited, amounts in thousands, except per share data)	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2019	2018
Net sales	\$ 86,908	\$ 91,134
Net sales decline ⁽¹⁾	(4.6)%	(1.1)%
Comparable store sales decline ⁽²⁾	(4.2)%	(6.8)%
Gross margin rate	71.2 %	70.3 %
Income from operations as a % of net sales	3.3 %	6.7 %
Net income	\$ 1,320	\$ 4,011
Net income per diluted share	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.08
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 11,612	\$ 13,763
Adjusted EBITDA as a % of net sales	13.4 %	15.1 %
Number of stores open at the end of period	140	140

(1) As compared to the prior year period.

(2) Comparable store sales decline is the percentage change in sales of comparable stores period over period. A store is considered comparable on the first day of the 13th full month of operation. When a store is relocated, it is excluded from the comparable store sales decline calculation. Comparable store sales decline amounts include total charges to customers less any actual returns. Comparable store sales data reported by other companies may be prepared on a different basis and therefore may not be useful for purposes of comparing the Company’s results to those of other businesses.

FIRST QUARTER 2019

Net Sales

Net sales decreased \$4.2 million, or 4.6%, from \$91.1 million in the first quarter of 2018 to \$86.9 million in the first quarter of 2019. The decrease was due to a \$3.8 million decrease in net sales generated by comparable stores. In addition, we had one less store in the comp base during this quarter as compared to last year, which resulted in a \$0.4 million decrease in net sales. Comparable store sales declines were 4.2% for the first quarter of 2019 and 6.8% for the first quarter of 2018. The comparable store sales decline of 4.2% was primarily due to lower customer traffic.

Gross Profit

Gross profit decreased \$2.2 million, or 3.4%, from \$64.0 million in the first quarter of 2018 to \$61.8 million in the first quarter of 2019. This decrease was directly related to our revenue performance. The gross margin rate was 71.2% for the first quarter of 2019 and 70.3% for the first quarter of 2018. The 90 basis points of improvement in the gross margin rate was primarily due to higher pricing on new products available for sale.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$1.0 million, or 1.8%, from \$57.9 million in the first quarter of 2018 to \$58.9 million in the first quarter of 2019. Depreciation expense increased \$1.0 million in the first quarter of 2019 compared to the first quarter of 2018. First quarter selling, general and administrative expenses also included approximately \$2.5 million of expense related to the implementation of our new enterprise resource planning system. These increases in expenses were partially offset by lower variable expenses of approximately \$1.0 million, a \$0.8 million decrease in advertising expenses and a \$0.6 million decrease in transportation expenses.

Income Tax

Income tax expense was \$0.6 million during the first quarter of 2019.

Inventory

Inventory increased 0.6% to \$110.8 million from \$110.1 million at the end of the fourth quarter of 2018.

Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt decreased \$3.0 million from \$53.0 million in the fourth quarter of 2018 to \$50.0 million in the first quarter of 2019. The decrease was attributable to improved operating cash flow during the quarter.

DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.05 per common share. The dividend is payable May 17, 2019 to shareholders of record at the close of business on May 6, 2019.

NON-GAAP INFORMATION

Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA for the first quarter of 2019 was \$11.6 million compared with \$13.8 million for the first quarter of 2018. See the table below for a reconciliation of GAAP net income to Adjusted EBITDA.

(\$ in thousands)	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2019	% of net sales ⁽¹⁾	2018	% of net sales
GAAP net income	\$ 1,320	1.5 %	\$ 4,011	4.4 %
Interest expense	978	1.1	554	0.6
Income taxes	611	0.7	1,581	1.7
Depreciation and amortization	7,964	9.2	7,000	7.7
Stock-based compensation	739	0.8	617	0.7
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 11,612	13.4 %	\$ 13,763	15.1 %

⁽¹⁾ Amounts do not foot due to rounding.

Pretax Return on Capital Employed

Pretax Return on Capital Employed was calculated based on GAAP information. The Company believes this metric is useful in assessing the effectiveness of its capital allocation over time. Other companies may calculate Pretax Return on Capital Employed differently, limiting the usefulness of the measure for comparative purposes.

Pretax Return on Capital Employed was 6.7% for the trailing twelve months as of the end of the first quarter 2019 compared to 9.4% for the trailing twelve months as of the end of the first quarter 2018. See the Pretax Return on Capital Employed calculation in the table below.

(\$ in thousands)	March 31,	
	2019 ⁽¹⁾	2018 ⁽¹⁾
Income from Operations (trailing twelve months)	\$ 13,347	\$ 16,324
Total Assets	328,030	266,994
Less: Accounts payable	(29,242)	(22,020)
Less: Income tax payable	(116)	(150)
Less: Other accrued liabilities	(27,035)	(24,713)
Less: Lease liability ⁽²⁾	(67,122)	(40,670)
Less: Other long-term liabilities	(3,937)	(4,895)
Capital Employed	<u>200,578</u>	<u>174,546</u>
Pretax Return on Capital Employed	6.7 %	9.4 %

⁽¹⁾ Income statement accounts represent the activity for the trailing twelve months ended as of each of the balance sheet dates. Balance sheet accounts represent the average account balance for the four quarters ended as of each of the balance sheet dates.

⁽²⁾ Represents the average lease liability and deferred rent account balances for the four quarters ended as of each of the balance sheet dates.

Internal Controls

While the Company is still completing its assessment of the effectiveness of its internal controls over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2019, it expects to report two material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting arising from the enterprise resource planning system implementation (“ERP”) that took place on January 1, 2019. The material weaknesses relate to (1) the ineffective design and implementation of controls with respect to the ERP system conversion and (2) the ineffective design and implementation of IT general controls for information systems that are relevant to the preparation of the financial statements. As a result of the identification of the material weaknesses, the Company has performed further analysis and completed additional procedures intended to ensure its consolidated financial statements for the quarter ending March 31, 2019 are prepared in accordance with GAAP and are accurate.

While remediation efforts have begun, the material weaknesses will not be considered remediated until the applicable controls are designed appropriately and operate for a sufficient period of time and the Company’s management has concluded, through testing, that such controls are operating effectively. The Company expects that the remediation of these material weaknesses will be completed prior to the end of fiscal 2019.

Webcast and Conference Call

As announced on April 18, 2019, the Company will host a conference call via live webcast for investors and other interested parties beginning at 9:00 a.m. Eastern Time on Tuesday, April 30, 2019. The call will be hosted by Cabell Lolmaugh, CEO, Kirk Gadelmann, CFO, and Ken Cooper, Investor Relations.

Participants may access the live webcast by visiting the Company’s Investor Relations page at www.tileshop.com. The call can also be accessed by dialing (844) 421-0597, or (716) 247-5787 for international participants. A webcast replay of the call will be available on the Company’s Investor Relations page at www.tileshop.com.

Additional details can be located at www.tileshop.com under the Financial Information – SEC Filings section of the Company’s Investor Relations page.

Contacts:

Investors and Media:

Ken Cooper

763-852-2950

ken.cooper@tileshop.com**About The Tile Shop**

The Tile Shop (Nasdaq:TTS) is a leading specialty retailer of natural stone and man-made tiles, setting and maintenance materials, and related accessories in the United States. The Company offers a wide selection of high-quality products, exclusive designs, knowledgeable staff and exceptional customer service in an extensive showroom environment. Each store is outfitted with full-room tiled displays which are enhanced by the complimentary Design Studio, a collaborative platform to create customized 3D design renderings to scale, allowing customers to bring their design ideas to life. The Tile Shop currently operates 140 stores in 31 states and the District of Columbia.

The Tile Shop is a proud member of the American Society of Interior Designers (ASID), National Association of Homebuilders (NAHB), National Kitchen and Bath Association (NKBA), and the National Tile Contractors Association (NTCA). Visit www.tileshop.com. Join The Tile Shop (#thetileshop) on Facebook, Instagram, Pinterest and Twitter.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The Company calculates Adjusted EBITDA by taking net income calculated in accordance with GAAP, and adjusting for interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, and stock based compensation. Adjusted EBITDA margin is equal to Adjusted EBITDA divided by net sales. The Company calculates pretax return on capital employed by taking income from operations divided by capital employed. Capital employed equals total assets less accounts payable, income taxes payable, other accrued liabilities, deferred rent, lease liability and other long-term liabilities.

The Company believes that these non-GAAP measures of financial results provide useful information to management and investors regarding certain financial and business trends relating to the Company's financial condition and results of operations. Company management uses these non-GAAP measures to compare Company performance to that of prior periods for trend analyses, for purposes of determining management incentive compensation, and for budgeting and planning purposes. These measures are used in monthly financial reports prepared for management and the Board of Directors. The Company believes that the use of these non-GAAP financial measures provides an additional tool for investors to use in evaluating ongoing operating results and trends and in comparing the Company's financial measures with other specialty retailers, many of which present similar non-GAAP financial measures to investors.

Company management does not consider these non-GAAP measures in isolation or as an alternative to financial measures determined in accordance with GAAP. The principal limitations of these non-GAAP financial measures are that they exclude significant expenses and income that are required by GAAP to be recognized in the Company's consolidated financial statements. In addition, they are subject to inherent limitations as they reflect the exercise of judgments by management about which expenses and income are excluded or included in determining these non-GAAP financial measures. In order to compensate for these limitations, management presents non-GAAP financial measures in connection with GAAP results. The Company urges investors to review the reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures to the comparable GAAP financial measures and not to rely on any single financial measure to evaluate the business.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This press release includes "forward looking statements" within the meaning of the "safe harbor" provisions of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward looking statements may be identified by the use of words such as "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "estimate", "plan", "outlook", and "project" and other similar expressions that predict or indicate future events or trends or that are not statements of historical matters. These forward looking statements include any statements regarding the Company's strategic and operational plan and expected financial performance (including the financial performance of new stores). Forward looking statements should not be read as a guarantee of future performance or results, and will not necessarily be accurate indications of the times at, or by, which such performance or results will be achieved. Forward looking statements are based on information available at the time those statements are made and/or management's good faith belief as of that time with respect to future events, and are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual performance or results to differ materially from those expressed in or suggested by the forward looking statements, including but not limited to unforeseen events that may affect the retail market or the performance of the Company's stores. The Company does not intend, and undertakes no duty, to update this information to reflect future events or circumstances. Investors are referred to the most recent reports filed with the SEC by the Company.

Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Balance Sheets
(\$ in thousands, except share data)

	(Unaudited) March 31, 2019	(Audited) December 31, 2018
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,936	\$ 5,557
Restricted cash	825	825
Receivables, net	5,942	3,084
Inventories	110,804	110,095
Income tax receivable	3,086	3,548
Other current assets, net	7,904	7,181
Total Current Assets	136,497	130,290
Property, plant and equipment, net	143,785	158,356
Right of use asset	141,791	-
Deferred tax assets	7,249	7,225
Other assets	1,606	1,759
Total Assets	\$ 430,928	\$ 297,630
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 31,811	\$ 25,853
Income tax payable	64	179
Current portion of lease liability	25,236	-
Other accrued liabilities	28,727	24,484
Total Current Liabilities	85,838	50,516
Long-term debt, net	50,000	53,000
Long-term lease liability	138,550	-
Capital lease obligation, net	398	436
Deferred rent	-	43,579
Other long-term liabilities	3,857	3,752
Total Liabilities	278,643	151,283
Stockholders' Equity:		
Common stock, par value \$0.0001; authorized: 100,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding: 52,901,733 and 52,707,879 shares, respectively	5	5
Preferred stock, par value \$0.0001; authorized: 10,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding: 0 shares	-	-
Additional paid-in-capital	170,306	172,255
Accumulated deficit	(17,997)	(25,857)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(29)	(56)
Total Stockholders' Equity	152,285	146,347
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 430,928	\$ 297,630

Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Operations
(\$ in thousands, except share, and per share data)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2019	2018
Net sales	\$ 86,908	\$ 91,134
Cost of sales	25,066	27,096
Gross profit	61,842	64,038
Selling, general and administrative expenses	58,948	57,927
Income from operations	2,894	6,111
Interest expense	(978)	(554)
Other income	15	35
Income before income taxes	1,931	5,592
Provision for income taxes	(611)	(1,581)
Net income	\$ 1,320	\$ 4,011
Income per common share:		
Basic	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.08
Diluted	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.08
Weighted average shares outstanding:		
Basic	51,961,780	51,881,681
Diluted	52,037,996	51,899,210
Dividends declared per share	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.05

Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Rate Analysis
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2019	2018
Gross margin rate	71.2 %	70.3 %
SG&A expense rate	67.8 %	63.6 %
Income from operations margin rate	3.3 %	6.7 %
Adjusted EBITDA margin rate	13.4 %	15.1 %

Tile Shop Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(\$ in thousands)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2019	2018
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Net income	\$ 1,320	\$ 4,011
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation & amortization	7,964	7,000
Amortization of debt issuance costs	149	167
Loss on disposals of property, plant and equipment	82	71
Change in leases	(448)	1,039
Stock based compensation	739	617
Deferred income taxes	64	426
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	-	
Receivables	(2,858)	(504)
Inventories	(709)	(3,058)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(806)	(1,771)
Accounts payable	8,429	(6,085)
Income tax receivable / payable	457	1,135
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	5,296	6,810
Net cash provided by operating activities	19,679	9,858
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(12,198)	(4,846)
Proceeds from insurance	610	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(11,588)	(4,846)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Payments of long-term debt and capital lease obligations	(18,054)	(16,904)
Advances on line of credit	15,000	15,000
Dividends paid	(2,606)	(2,600)
Employee taxes paid for shares withheld	(82)	-
Net cash used in financing activities	(5,742)	(4,504)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	30	3
Net change in cash	2,379	511
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash beginning of period	6,382	7,476
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash end of period	\$ 8,761	\$ 7,987
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,936	\$ 7,152
Restricted cash	825	835
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash end of period	\$ 8,761	\$ 7,987
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment included in accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 1,478	\$ 1,895
Cash paid for interest	934	558
Cash paid (received) for income taxes, net	-	1